



Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal year ended December 31, 2018

Annual Financial Report

City of New Ulm New Ulm, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018



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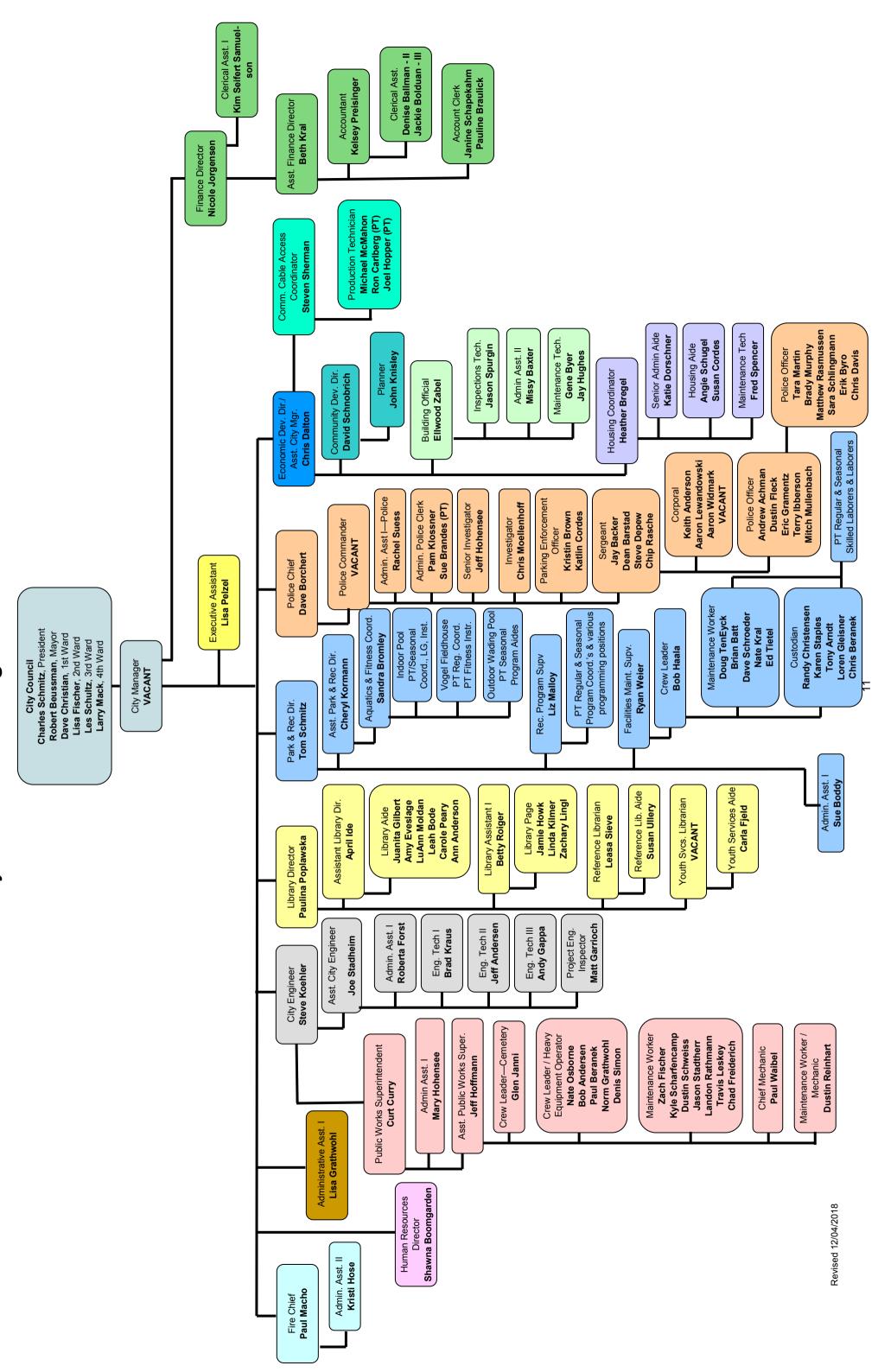
INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of New Ulm, Minnesota

List of Principal Officials Elected Officials

OFFICIAL	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES							
Robert J. Beussman	Mayor	December 31, 2022							
Charles E. Schmitz	President, City Council	December 31, 2020							
David H. Christian	Councilor, Ward 1	December 31, 2020							
Lisa K. Fischer	Councilor, Ward 2	December 31, 2022							
Les P. Schultz	Councilor, Ward 3	December 31, 2020							
Larry A. Mack	Councilor, Ward 4	December 31, 2022							
Appointed Officials									
Christopher W. Dalton		City Manager							
Ellwood A. Zabel		Building Official							
Roger H. Hippert		City Attorney							
Nicole L. Jorgensen		Finance Director							
Steven P. Koehler, P.E		City Engineer							
David J. Schnobrich		ity Development Director							
Nathan Beran	Information	n Technology Coordinator							
Larry Botten	Electr	ic Distribution Supervisor							
Paul Macho		Fire Chief							
Paulina Poplawska		Library Director							
Dave O'Brien		Natural Gas Supervisor							
Thomas E. Schmitz	P	ark & Recreation Director							
Shawna Boomgarden		Personnel Officer							
David L. Borchert		Police Chief							
David A. Kuehn	Pc	ower Plant Chief Engineer							
Curtis Curry	Put	olic Works Superintendent							
Kristine M. Manderfeld		Utilities Director							
Dan O'Connor	Wastew	ater Treatment Supervisor							
George I. Brown	Water/I	District Energy Supervisor							
Daniel Pirsig		Utility Graduate Engineer							
Shannon Hillesheim	Publ	lic Utilities Commissioner							
William Swan	Vice President Pu	blic Utilities Commission							
Mary Ellen Schanus	Publ	lic Utilities Commissioner							
Sean Fingland	Publ	ic Utilities Commissioner							
Linda Heine	President Pu	blic Utilities Commission							

City of New Ulm Organizational Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of New Ulm New Ulm, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Ulm, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison schedules for the General fund and Park and Recreation special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

100 Warren Street, Suite 600 Mankato, MN 56001 Office 507.625.2727 | Fax 507.388.9139

Change in Accounting Standards

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans and Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the year ended December 31, 2018. Adoption of the provisions of these statements results in significant change to the classifications of the components of the financial statements.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 19 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Employer's Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in the City's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios starting on page 96 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 11, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Mankato, Minnesota

Eldo Eich & Mayers, LLP

June 11, 2019

People +Process Going Beyond the Numbers

City of New Ulm

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of New Ulm (the City), we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position, (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved annual budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements. Recommendations for further enhancement to the Annual Financial Report are welcome, and may be submitted via our website at www.ci.new-ulm.mn.us.

Financial Highlights

- The City and its component units' total net position increased \$5,401,531 (2.87 percent) in 2018. The City's total net position for governmental activities increased \$3,188,804 (59.0 percent) in 2018. The PUC's total net position increased \$2,619,949 (48.5 percent) in 2018. The EDA's total net position decreased \$407,222 (7.5 percent) in 2018.
- Total net position of the City (including component units) is \$187,902,826, of which \$35,389,957 is unrestricted.
- As of December 31, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,703,732, an increase of \$6,461,892 in comparison with the prior year. Of the ending balance, \$5,896,780 (16.1 percent) was unassigned (available for spending at the City's discretion).
- At the end of the current fiscal year the unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$6,344,853, or 25.7
 percent of total General fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt (including component units) increased by \$3,377,106, or 10.7 percent during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1

Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report Management's **Basic Financial** Required Discussion and Statements Supplementary **Analysis** Information Government-wide **Fund** Notes to the **Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements** Detail Summary

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Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Fund Financial Statements							
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds					
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system					
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term					
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the City, other indicators, including non-financial indicators like the City's property tax base and condition of its infrastructure, should also be considered.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also focuses on both the gross and net costs of the various functions of the City, based only on direct functional revenues and expenses. This statement is designed to provide the extent to which various functions depend on general taxes and revenues for support.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and highway, sanitation and waste removal, economic development, and culture and recreation. The component units which include the business-type activities of the City include an Economic Development Authority (EDA) and a Public Utilities Commission (PUC).

The City is a municipal corporation that operates under a Home Rule Charter adopted on September 30, 1952. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the government-wide financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component units. The PUC and EDA are reported as component units in this financial report. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 35 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains a number of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, Park and Recreation fund, Sales Tax Revenue fund, Bond Sinking fund, Sales Tax Referendum fund, Capital Improvement fund and 2018 Bonds fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for a number of funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 40 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the functions presented as the component units in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Public Utilities Commission operation and for the Economic Development Authority, both component units of the City. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City and PUC uses internal service funds to account for their (1) fleet of vehicles and equipment; (2) purchase, replacement, and maintenance of computer hardware and software; (3) employer and employee health insurance premiums and the associated cost of health insurance; and (4) general liability and workers compensation claims. These internal service funds have been included within either the governmental or the component unit activities depending on whether they predominantly serve the governmental or component unit activity in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found starting on page 51 of this report.

Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found starting on page 53 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 55 of this report.

Required supplementary information other than MD&A. Governments have an option of including the budgetary comparison statements for the General fund and major special revenue funds as either part of the fund financial statements within the basic financial statements, or as required supplementary information after the footnotes. The City has chosen to present these budgetary statements as part of the basic financial statements. Additionally, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees starting on page 96 of this report. The City has disclosed this information in Notes 4, 6 and 7 to the financial statements and as separate required supplementary information.

Supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules can be found starting on page 106 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following tables, graphs and analysis discuss the financial position and changes to the financial position for the City as a whole as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City (not including component units), assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$99,374,211 at the close of the current year.

By far, the largest portion of the City's (not including component units) net position (68.9 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of New Ulm's Summary of Net Position

	Pr	imary Governmer	nt -		Component Unit	-	Component Unit - Economic						
	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Publ	ic Utilities Commi	ssion	Development Authority						
		(Restated)	Increase		(Restated)	Increase			Increase				
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	2018	2017	(Decrease)	2018	2017	(Decrease)				
Current and	-												
Other Assets	\$ 40,386,359	\$ 33,682,502	\$ 6,703,857	\$ 36,749,429	\$ 36,719,955	\$ 29,474	\$ 2,683,275	\$ 2,923,698	\$ (240,423)				
Capital assets	88,005,307	87,742,700	262,607	66,859,563	66,882,017	(22,454)	3,516,053	3,670,020	(153,967)				
Total Assets	128,391,666	121,425,202	6,966,464	103,608,992	103,601,972	7,020	6,199,328	6,593,718	(394,390)				
Deferred Outflows of Resources													
Deferred pension resources	3,629,043	4,356,694	(727,651)	777,384	1,304,530	(527,146)	20,410	24,129	(3,719)				
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	48,979	-	48,979	12,010	-	12,010	-	-	-				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,678,022	4,356,694	(678,672)	789,394	1,304,530	(515,136)	20,410	24,129	(3,719)				
Long-term Liabilities													
Outstanding	27,018,983	23,153,237	3,865,746	17,010,314	18,638,447	(1,628,133)	67,449	71,464	(4,015)				
Other Liabilities	1,074,357	1,057,975	16,382	3,656,768	5,066,171	(1,409,403)	111,563	101,502	10,061				
Total Liabilities	28,093,340	24,211,212	3,882,128	20,667,082	23,704,618	(3,037,536)	179,012	172,966	6,046				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,603,162	5,385,277	(782,115)	1,224,263	1,314,792	(90,529)	19,152	16,085	3,067				
Net Position													
Net Investment													
in Capital Assets	68,473,406	71,613,741	(3,140,335)	55,697,448	55,204,876	492,572	3,516,053	3,670,020	(153,967)				
Restricted	20,694,683	14,783,829	5,910,854	4,118,753	3,893,551	225,202	12,526	5,541	6,985				
Unrestricted	10,206,122	9,787,837	418,285	22,690,840	20,788,665	1,902,175	2,492,995	2,753,235	(260,240)				
Total Net Position	\$ 99,374,211	\$ 96,185,407	\$ 3,188,804	\$ 82,507,041	\$ 79,887,092	\$ 2,619,949	\$ 6,021,574	\$ 6,428,796	\$ (407,222)				

An additional portion of the City's net position (20.8 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (10.3 percent) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City, as well as for its separate component unit activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The City's net position of governmental activities increased by \$3,188,804 during the current fiscal year, * related to public safety and culture and recreation. Also, increases in revenues that were over budget, while keeping total expenditures under budget accounted for the majority of the increase from the previous year. A portion of this increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have outstripped similar increases in ongoing expenses.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3,188,804, thereby accounting for 59.0 percent of the total growth in the net position of the City (including the component units). Capital grants and contributions of \$2,985,117 were major factors of this increase. Also, this increase is due to management's planned increase of certain reserves and an increase in net capital assets.

City of New Ulm's Changes in Net Position

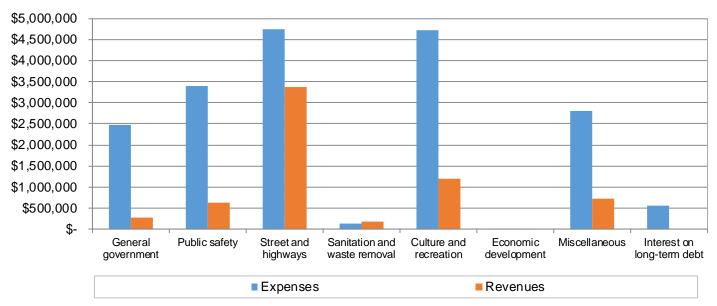
	Primary Government -						Component Unit -						Component Unit - Economic					
	Governmental Activities						Public Utilities Commission					Development Authority						
						Increase					Increase						Increase	
		2018		2017	(Decrease)	2018		2017	((Decrease)		2018		2017	(Decrease)	
Revenues	-																	
Program revenues																		
Charges For Services	\$	2,991,103	\$	2,451,818	\$	539,285	\$ 40,422,699	\$	39,989,963	\$	432,736	\$	1,070,368	\$	1,055,769	\$	14,599	
Operating Grants and																		
Contributions		437,894		1,234,559		(796,665)	37,024		13,248		23,776		444,563		477,966		(33,403)	
Capital Grants and																		
Contributions		2,985,117		2,841,551		143,566	823,236		481,147		342,089		93,597		29,719		63,878	
General revenues																		
Property Taxes		7,150,841		7,039,808		111,033	-		-		-		120,159		116,318		3,841	
Other Taxes		3,671,482		3,883,054		(211,572)	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Grants and																		
Contributions																		
Not Restricted to																		
Specific Programs		4,335,673		4,251,459		84,214	-		-		-		228		314		(86)	
Unrestricted Investment																		
Earnings		441,368		301,422		139,946	406,648		285,686		120,962		38,783		17,170		21,613	
Other		41,274		92,012		(50,738)	18,843		74,926		(56,083)		398,555		12,825		385,730	
Total Revenues		22,054,752		22,095,683		(40,931)	41,708,450		40,844,970		863,480		2,166,253		1,710,081		456,172	

City of New Ulm's Changes in Net Position (Continued)

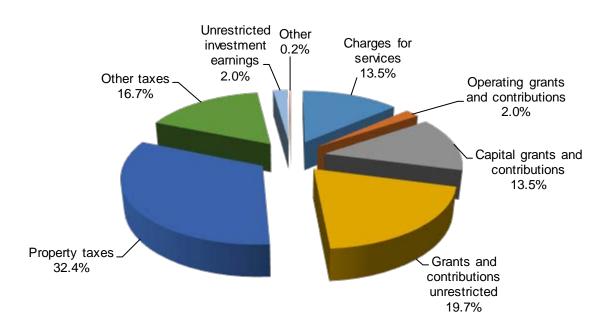
		Primary Government - Governmental Activities						Component Unit - Public Utilities Commission						Component Unit - Economic Development Authority				
		2018		2017		Increase Decrease)		2018		2017		Increase (Decrease)		2018		2017		Increase Decrease)
Expenses																		
General government	\$	2,479,763	\$	2,184,218	\$	295,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		3,397,909		3,722,112		(324,203)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Streets and highways Sanitation and		4,745,941		4,744,529		1,412		-		-		-		-		-		-
waste removal		149,853		161,164		(11,311)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		4,706,882		4,907,109		(200,227)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		24,928		20,000		4,928		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Interest and other		2,804,058		2,905,154		(101,096)		-		-		-		-		-		-
costs		556,614		430,431		126,183		-		-		-		-		-		-
Electric		-		-		-		23,586,398		23,611,648		(25,250)		-		-		-
District energy		-		-		-		914,623		1,062,479		(147,856)		-		-		-
Natural gas		-		-		-		7,963,247		8,323,010		(359,763)		-		-		-
Water		-		-		-		2,877,978		2,903,880		(25,902)		-		-		-
Wastewater		-		-		-		3,746,255		3,445,561		300,694		-		-		-
Housing development		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,573,475		1,450,868		1,122,607
Total Expenses	_	18,865,948	_	19,074,717		(208,769)	_	39,088,501	_	39,346,578	_	(258,077)	_	2,573,475	_	1,450,868		1,122,607
Change in Net Position		3,188,804		3,020,966		167,838		2,619,949		1,498,392		1,121,557		(407,222)		259,213		(666,435)
Net Position, January 1 as																		
Restated (Note 11)*	_	96,185,407	_	93,253,331		2,932,076		79,887,092	_	78,697,662	_	1,189,430		6,428,796		6,169,583		259,213
Net Position, December 31	\$	99,374,211	\$	96,274,297	\$	3,099,914	\$	82,507,041	\$	80,196,054	\$	2,310,987	\$	6,021,574	\$	6,428,796	\$	(407,222)

^{*} GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the year ended December 31, 2018 and required a \$88,890 and \$308,962 restatement of beginning governmental and component unit net position, respectively. Prior year amounts were not restated causing a variance in ending net position at December 31, 2017 and beginning net position on January 1, 2018. See note 11.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

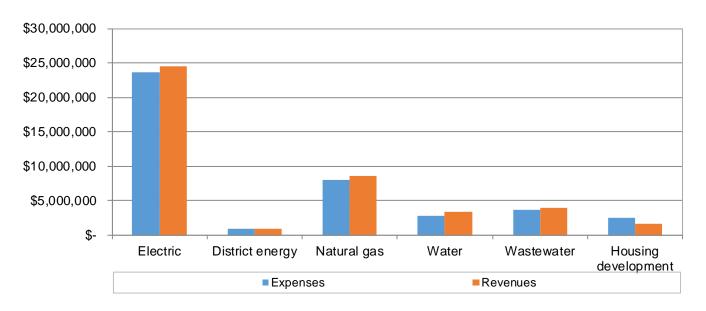


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

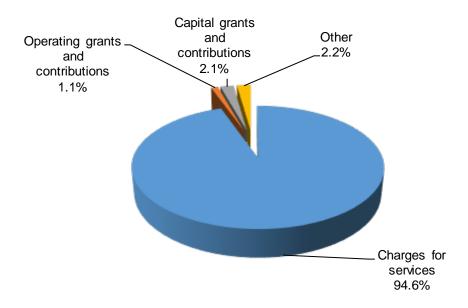


Component unit activities. Component unit (business-type) activities increased the City's net position by \$2,212,727 of which a decrease of \$407,222 relates to the EDA.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. All major governmental funds are discretely presented on these financial statements, while the non-major funds are combined into a single column. Combining statements for the non-major funds may be found starting on page 106.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,375,040, an increase of \$6,461,892 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 19.4 percent (\$5,896,780) of this total amount constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is 1) Nonspendable (\$602,036), 2) Restricted (\$16,897,866), 3) Committed (\$5,769,299), and Assigned (\$1,209,059).

The *General fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$6,344,853, while total fund balance reached \$6,567,473. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 61.0 percent of total General fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 63.1 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General fund decreased by \$283,419 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this change was:

• A budgeted use of fund balance for miscellaneous capital purchases.

The Park and Recreation fund (P&R) is the fund that operates all of the parks and three recreational and community activity facilities. At the end of the current year, total fund balance reached \$749,924. As a measure of the P&R fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to total fund expenditures. At year end fund balance represents 20.1 percent of total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the fund increased by \$158,433 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was due to the timing of capital projects.

The Sales Tax Revenue fund has an ending fund balance of \$3,504,076, which is a decrease of \$949,130 from the prior year due to the financing of various capital projects.

The Bond Sinking fund has a total fund balance of \$1,829,191, which is all restricted for debt service. The fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$349,497. This decrease was due to the excess of transfers out to various nonmajor debt service funds to cover bond payments in excess of the collection of taxes and assessments.

The Sales Tax Referendum fund has an ending fund balance of \$7,196,875 due to the issuance of sales tax bonds during the year.

The Capital Improvement fund is the fund that accounts for funds to be used to acquire or replace buildings, equipment or other improvements for City operations. At the end of the current year, total fund balance was \$4,766,475, an increase of \$136,658 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was due to less capital improvements than anticipated.

The 2018 Bonds fund had an ending fund balance of \$1,122,040, which is an increase of \$1,372,594 from the prior year. The key factor in this an increase is related to unspent bond proceeds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were \$400,994 in increases in appropriations for the General fund and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$50,000 for the City portion of a new phone system
- There were many adjustments made in 2018 to all departments due to projects not completed in 2017, including \$306,848 for consulting services at the airport.

Any increase was funded from available fund balance due to appropriations not used in the previous year. During the year, however, revenues were over budget and expenditures were under budget resulting in a smaller use of fund balance than budgeted.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and component unit activities as of December 31, 2018, amounts to \$158,380,923 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, computer equipment, and infrastructure (roads, highways, and bridges). The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.1 percent (a 0.3 percent increase for governmental activities and a 0.3 percent decrease for the component unit activities).

City of New Ulm's Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

		Governmental Activity	ties	Component Unit Activities						
			Increase			Increase				
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	2018	2017	(Decrease)				
Land	\$ 11,557,174	\$ 11,424,435	\$ 132,739	\$ 1,615,251	\$ 1,615,251	\$ -				
Non-exhaustible										
Monuments	30,000	30,000	-	-	-	-				
Buildings	13,025,483	13,635,943	(610,460)	3,539,748	3,810,583	(270,835)				
Improvement Other										
Than Buildings	2,292,054	2,395,331	(103,277)	109,070	118,872	(9,802)				
Infrastructure/PUC Plant	56,896,311	55,899,131	997,180	60,668,415	60,440,070	228,345				
Machinery and Equipment	3,198,484	3,314,652	(116,168)	4,356,424	4,415,672	(59,248)				
Office Furniture										
and Equipment	43,932	20,293	23,639	62,605	27,087	35,518				
Park Equipment	623,155	549,194	73,961	-	-	-				
Construction in Progress	338,714	473,721	(135,007)	24,103	124,502	(100,399)				
Total	\$ 88,005,307	\$ 87,742,700	\$ 262,607	\$ 70,375,616	\$ 70,552,037	\$ (176,421)				

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3C of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$31,429,578. The following is a breakdown of the debt outstanding.

City of New Ulm's Outstanding Debt

	Gov	vernmental Activiti	es	Component Unit Activities							
	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)					
G.O. Improvement Bonds General Obligation	\$ 12,855,000	\$ 13,655,000	\$ (800,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Revenue Bonds	7,055,000	2,030,000	5,025,000	11,344,000	12,148,000	(804,000)					
Special Assessments	175,578	219,472	(43,894)								
Total	\$ 20,085,578	\$ 15,904,472	\$ 4,181,106	\$ 11,344,000	\$ 12,148,000	\$ (804,000)					

The City's total debt (including component units) increased by \$3,377,106 (10.7 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was debt issued exceeding debt retired.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue to 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is debt payable <u>solely</u> from ad valorem taxes. The current debt limitation for the City is \$25,578,513 which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt that fits this category.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City has a strong manufacturing segment, including Fortune 500 companies such as Kraft Foods, 3M, Firmenich Inc., Associated Milk Producers, Inc.; it is the home to Minnesota Valley Testing Laboratories, Schell's Brewery, J & R Schugel Trucking, Associated Milk Producers, Inc.'s (including AMPI's Corporate Office) and other local and regional manufacturing companies. The above noted companies have continued to have a positive impact on the community.

The New Ulm Medical Center and clinic continues to provide exceptional medical services through the Allina network.

The City has been successful in promoting tourism within the City and region. It promotes several events such as its Bavarian Blast, Octoberfest and Fasching (traditional German "Mardi Gras" celebration), as well as its unique architecture and retail shops which focus on the City's German heritage. In addition, it hosts an annual Minnesota Music Festival sponsored by the Minnesota Music Hall of Fame.

- The unemployment rate for Brown County, where the City is located, is currently 3.6 percent, which is higher than the rate of 3.5 percent a year ago. This compares unfavorably to the State's average unemployment rate of 3.2 percent, but favorably to the national average rate of 3.7 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to national indices.
- The occupancy rate of the EDA's Public Housing and Market Rate Housing projects is at 98 to 100 percent for the
 past three years.
- The City issued building permits with an estimated value of approximately \$24,081,400 which was 14.69 percent higher than the valuation of building permits issued in 2017.

The City's appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2019 budget, rates, and fees that will be charged, including many of the items above. The major factors considered when adopting the 2019 budget were capital expenditures and debt service requirements. Due to the changes mentioned above, the overall tax levy increased by \$469,855 for calendar year 2019.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, City of New Ulm, 100 North Broadway, New Ulm, MN 56073.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	Primary	Component Units			
	Government	Public			
	Governmental	Utilities	Economic Development		
	Activities	Commission	Authority		
Assets		.			
Cash and investments	\$ 32,672,654	\$ 24,551,578	\$ 2,521,821		
Restricted cash and investments	-	4,118,753	43,324		
Receivables					
Interest	275,640	-			
Delinquent taxes	140,747	<u>-</u>	1,979		
Accounts	146,433	5,324,957	2,670		
Notes	601,447	2,889	-		
Special assessments	5,100,851	47,163	-		
Intergovernmental	558,229	-	-		
Due from component unit/primary government	116,191	-	-		
Inventories	110,411	2,576,642	-		
Prepaid items	39,051	127,447	42,866		
Net pension asset	624,705	-	-		
Assets held for resale	-	-	70,615		
Capital assets					
Nondepreciable assets	11,925,888	571,682	1,067,672		
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	76,079,419	66,287,881	2,448,381		
Total Assets	128,391,666	103,608,992	6,199,328		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension resources	3,629,043	777,384	20,410		
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	48,979	12,010	-		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resouces	3,678,022	789,394	20,410		
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	351,044	2,380,785	12,729		
Retainage payable	223,782	19,492	-		
Due to component unit/primary government	-	116,191	-		
Due to other governments	5,081	101,012	57,380		
Accrued interest payable	128,768	47,331	1,380		
Accrued salaries payable	315,165	269,319	7,723		
Accrued items	-	24,466	-		
Deposits payable	27,625	23,180	32,234		
Unearned revenue	22,892	674,992	117		
Noncurrent liabilities					
Due within one year	2,961,202	1,158,033	5,075		
Due in more than one year	24,057,781	15,852,281	62,374		
Total Liabilities	28,093,340	20,667,082	179,012		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred pension resources	4,603,162	1,224,263	19,152		
N . B . W					
Net Position	00 470 455	FF 007 440	0.510.055		
Net investment in capital assets	68,473,406	55,697,448	3,516,053		
Restricted					
Capital improvements	7,388,974	3,927,342	-		
Library programs	6,238	-	-		
Parkland dedication	182,544	-	-		
Economic development	2,150,235	-	-		
Maintain parking areas	511,671	-	-		
Sales tax projects	3,504,076	-	-		
TIF activities	67,064				
Debt service	6,883,881	191,411	-		
Housing vouchers	-	-	12,526		
Unrestricted	10,205,097	22,690,840	2,492,995		
Total Net Position	\$ 99,373,186	\$ 82,507,041	\$ 6,021,574		
i otal Not i obition	ψ 99,575,100	Ψ 02,001,041	Ψ 0,021,014		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 2,479,763	\$	333,212	\$	(51,701)	\$	2,008
Public safety	3,397,909		255,284		375,950		-
Streets and highways	4,745,941		516,198		42,398		2,809,259
Sanitation and waste removal	149,853		187,700		222		-
Culture and recreation	4,706,882		1,074,942		30,943		103,030
Economic development	24,928		15,787		1,025		-
Miscellaneous	2,804,058		607,980		39,057		70,820
Interest and other costs	 556,614		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total Primary Government	 18,865,948	\$	2,991,103	\$	437,894	\$	2,985,117
Component Units							
Business-type activities							
Electric	\$ 23,586,398	\$	24,288,160	\$	19,358	\$	131,079
District energy	914,623		909,274		349		-
Natural gas	7,963,247		8,538,595		6,178		30,258
Water	2,877,978		2,953,034		4,662		454,937
Wastewater	3,746,255		3,733,636		6,477		206,962
Housing development	 2,573,475		1,070,368		444,563		93,597
Total Component Units	\$ 41,661,976	\$	41,493,067	\$	481,587	\$	916,833

General revenues

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Special service district tax

Tax increments

Sales tax

Hotel-motel taxes

Payment in lieu of taxes

Franchise taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Other

Gain on sale of capital assets

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position, January 1 as Restated (Note 11)

Net Position, December 31

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	hange	es in Net Position				
Primary	Component Units					
Government		Public		Economic		
Governmental		Utilities		evelopment		
Activities	C	ommission		Authority		
\$ (2,196,244) (2,766,675) (1,378,086) 38,069 (3,497,967) (8,116) (2,086,201) (556,614) (12,451,834)		S		, automy		
	\$	852,199 (5,000) 611,784 534,655 200,820	\$	- - - - (964,947)		
		2,194,458		(964 947)		
E 040 640		2,194,436		(964,947)		
5,049,610 2,101,231		-		120,159		
39,496		_		_		
141,137		<u>-</u>		_		
1,170,553		_		_		
128,840		_		_		
1,972,936		_		_		
218,520		_		_		
4,335,673		_		228		
441,368		406,648		38,783		
 1,500		-		398,555		
40,249		18,843		000,000		
15,639,613		425,491		557,725		
3,187,779		2,619,949		(407,222)		
96,185,407		79,887,092		6,428,796		
\$ 99,373,186	\$	82,507,041	\$	6,021,574		

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

				Special Revenue				Debt Service		
		General	Park and Recreation			Sales Tax Revenue	Bond Sinking			
Assets		Gerierai		corcation		revenue		Olliking		
Cash and investments	\$	6,314,576	\$	903,049	\$	3,278,907	\$	1,829,520		
Receivables										
Interest		275,640		-		-		-		
Delinquent taxes		24,886		7,848		-		81,921		
Accounts		91,873		44,331		4,970		-		
Notes, net of allowance		-		-		-		-		
Special assessments		153,975		-		-		4,771,298		
Intergovernmental		273,576		-		221,208		-		
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-		
Prepaid items		30,120		6,225		-		-		
Total Assets		7,164,646	\$	961,453	\$	3,505,085	\$	6,682,739		
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	146,458	\$	131,733	\$	1,009	\$	329		
Retainage payable	Ψ	-	*	-	~	-,555	~	-		
Due to other funds		410		-		-		-		
Due to other governments		-		4,790		_		_		
Accrued salaries payable		229,863		58,222		_		_		
Advances from other funds		-		- · ·		_		_		
Deposits payable		27,625		-		_		_		
Unearned revenue		13,956		8,936		_		_		
Total Liabilities		418,312		203,681		1,009		329		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue										
Taxes		24,886		7,848		_		81,921		
Special assessments		153,975		- ,0 10		_		4,771,298		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		178,861		7,848		-		4,853,219		
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items		30,120		6,225		-		-		
Perpetual care		-		-		-		-		
Restricted										
Library programs		-		-		-		-		
Parkland dedication		-		182,544		-		-		
Economic development		-		-		-		-		
Maintain parking areas		-		-		-		-		
Sales tax projects		-		-		3,504,076		-		
TIF activities		-		-		-		-		
Debt service		-		-		-		1,829,191		
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-		
Committed										
Capital improvement		-		-		-		-		
Library programs		-		-		-		-		
Library programs Fire fighting		-		-		-		-		
Assigned		-		-		-		-		
Park and recreation services		_		561,155		_		_		
DARE program		-		-		-		-		
Library services		-		-		-		-		
Library programs		-		-		-		-		
Fire fighting		-		-		-		-		
Subsequent year budgeted deficit		192,500		-		-		-		
Unassigned		6,344,853		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		6,567,473		749,924		3,504,076		1,829,191		
=										
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	φ	7,164,646	\$	961,453	\$	3,505,085	\$	6,682,739		

Sales Tax Referendum Capital Improvement Bonds Governmental Funds Governmental Funds \$ 7,196,875 \$ 4,766,475 \$ 1,266,841 \$ 4,127,435 \$ 29,683,66 - - - - 25,399 140,76 - - - 601,447 601,447 601,447 - - - 175,678 5,100,81 5,100,81 - - - - 175,678 5,100,81 - - - - 156,6631			Ca _l	oital Projects						
- 693 - 5,110,441 \$ 36,702,70 - 693 - 275,69 - 693 - 5,259 - 146,47 601,447 - 175,578 - 10,8875 47,459 - 15,986 - 558,22 156,631 156,631 192,260 192,260 21,198 22,88 192,260 192,260 192,260 192,260 192,260 192,260 192,260 192,260 186,631 22,88 192,260 12,198 22,88 192,260 192,260 22,88 192,260 192,260 192,260 192,260 22,88 192,260 192,260 22,88 22,88			Im				Go		G	
- 693 - 25,399 140,7 175,578 5,100,8t 601,447 601,4t 47,459 15,966 5582,9t 156,631 156,63 156,631 156,63 192,260 31,522 223,7t 192,260 271,503 10,66,61 156,631 156,65 192,260 271,503 1,087,05 192,260 271,503 1,087,05 192,260 271,503 1,087,05 175,578 5,100,8t 175,578 5,100,8t 2,706 39,0t 175,578 5,100,8t 182,5t 182,5t 182,5t 182,5t 182,5t 182,5t 192,040 192,099 8,511,0t 154,661 1,93,8t	\$	7,196,875	\$	4,766,475	\$	1,266,841	\$	4,127,435	\$	29,683,678
		-		-		-		-		275,640
		-		693		-				140,747
		-		-		-		· ·		
47,459		-		-		-		· ·		
\$ 7,196,875 \$ 4,767,168 \$ 1,314,300 \$ 5,110,441 \$ 36,702,70 \$ 7,196,875 \$ 4,767,168 \$ 1,314,300 \$ 5,110,441 \$ 36,702,70 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 61,861 \$ 341,30		-		-		- 47 450		· ·		
\$ 7,196,875 \$ 4,767,168 \$ 1,314,300 \$ 5,110,441 \$ 36,702,700 \$		_		_		47,439				
\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 61,861 \$ 341,33 -				-		-				39,051
- 192,260 31,522 223,76	\$	7,196,875	\$	4,767,168	\$	1,314,300	\$	5,110,441	\$	36,702,707
- 192,260 31,522 223,76										
- 192,260 31,522 223,76	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	61 861	\$	341 390
	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	192 260	Ψ		Ψ	
		_		_		-		-		410
		-		_		_		291		5,081
		-		-		-				309,283
		-		-		-				156,631
- 693 - 25,399 140,76 - 175,578 5,100,88 - 175,578 5,100,88 - 693 - 200,977 5,241,58 - 693 - 200,977 5,241,58 6,238 6,23 6,238 6,23 6,238 6,23 6,238 6,23 182,55 2,150,235 2,150,23 492,843 492,84 492,843 492,84 154,661 1,983,88 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,07 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,66 20,821 20,83 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,37 60,444 60,44 60,444 60,44 379,188 379,18 15,480 15,480 15,480 15,480 20,22 192,56		-		-		-		-		27,625
- 693 - 25,399 140,74 7 175,578 5,100,88 - 693 - 200,977 5,241,58 693 - 200,977 5,241,58 2,706 39,08 - 562,985 562,98 6,238 6,23 182,56 2,150,235 2,150,23 2,150,235 2,150,23 3,504,00 67,064 67,06 154,661 1,983,88 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,00 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 20,821 20,82 20,821 20,82 561,18 60,444 60,44 60,444 60,44 60,444 60,44 60,444 60,44 15,480 15,48 2992 226		-						-		22,892
				-		192,260		271,503		1,087,094
- 693 - 200,977 5,241,58 2,706 39,06 562,985 562,98 6,238 6,22 182,54 182,54 2,150,235 2,150,23 2,150,235 2,150,23 492,843 492,88 492,843 492,88 154,661 1,983,88 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,07 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 20,821 20,83 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,37 561,18 60,444 60,44 379,188 379,188 15,480 15,48 292 292 - 192,50		-		693		-				140,747
2,706 39,06 562,985 562,985 6,238 6,23 182,54 2,150,235 2,150,23 492,843 492,84 67,064 67,06 154,661 1,983,88 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,07 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 20,821 20,82 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,33 561,15 60,444 60,44 379,188 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 22 192,50				- 603						
		<u> </u>		093				200,911		3,241,396
		_		-		_		2,706		39,051
		-		-		-				562,985
2,150,235 2,150,235 492,843 492,843 3,504,07 67,064 67,064 154,661 1,983,85 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,07 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 20,821 20,82 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,37 561,15 60,444 60,44 379,188 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 292 192,50		-		-		-		6,238		6,238
492,843 492,84 3,504,07 67,064 67,064 154,661 1,983,85 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,07 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 20,821 20,82 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,37 561,18 60,444 60,44 379,188 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 292 192,50		-		-		-		-		182,544
3,504,07 67,064 67,06 154,661 1,983,85 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,07 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 20,821 20,82 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,37 561,15 60,444 60,44 60,444 379,188 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 292 192,50		-		-		-				2,150,235
		-		-		-		492,843		
154,661 1,983,88 7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,0 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 20,821 20,82 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,33 561,18 60,444 60,44 60,444 60,44 15,480 15,48 292 292 192,560		-		-		-		67.064		
7,196,875 - 1,122,040 192,099 8,511,07 - 4,766,475 - 901,148 5,667,62 - - - 20,821 20,82 - - - 71,541 71,54 - - - 9,314 9,37 - - - 60,444 60,44 - - - 379,188 379,18 - - - 15,480 15,48 - - - 292 29 - - - 192,50		-		_		_				
20,821 20,82 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,3 ³ 561,15 60,444 60,44 60,444 60,44 15,480 15,48 292 29 192,50		7,196,875		-		1,122,040				8,511,014
20,821 20,82 71,541 71,54 9,314 9,3 ³ 561,15 60,444 60,44 60,444 60,44 15,480 15,48 292 29 192,50		-		4,766,475		_		901,148		5,667,623
9,314 9,3° 561,18 60,444 60,44 60,444 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 29 - 192,50		-		-		-				20,821
561,15 60,444 60,44 379,188 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 29 192,50		-		-		-		71,541		71,541
60,444 60,44 379,188 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 29 192,50		-		-		-		9,314		9,314
379,188 379,18 15,480 15,48 292 29 192,50		-		-		-		-		561,155
15,480 15,48 292 29 192,50		-		-		-		· ·		60,444
292 29 192,50		-		-		-				379,188
192,50		-		-		-				15,480
		-		-		-		292		292
		-		-		-		(440,000)		
		7 106 875		4 766 475		1 122 040		(449,098) 4 637 961		5,895,755 30,374,015
1,122,040 4,037,301 30,374,0		1,130,013		7,700,470		1,122,040		T,007,301		30,374,013
<u>\$ 7,196,875</u> <u>\$ 4,767,168</u> <u>\$ 1,314,300</u> <u>\$ 5,110,441</u> <u>\$ 36,702,70</u>	\$	7,196,875	\$	4,767,168	\$	1,314,300	\$	5,110,441	\$	36,702,707

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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City of New Ulm, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 30,375,040
Net capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.	85,457,352
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of	(=0.4.0=0)
Severance payable	(531,952)
Other post employment benefit obligation	(557,662)
Special assessments payable Bond principal payable	(175,578) (19,595,000)
Notes payable	(315,000)
Pension liability	(5,175,980)
Bond premiums, net of accumulated amortization	(568,363)
Certain long-term receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the	
current period's expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds.	4 40 = 4=
Delinquent property taxes receivable	140,747
Special assessments receivable	5,100,851
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions and other postemeployment benefits.	
Pension asset	624,705
Deferred outflows of pension resources	3,606,935
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(4,578,223)
Deferred outflows of other postemployment benefits resouces	48,979
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until	
due and payable.	(128,768)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of not position.	5 6/5 102
governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 5,645,103
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 99,373,186

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Special Revenue			Debt Service	
	General	<u></u>	Park and Recreation		Sales Tax Revenue		Bond Sinking
Revenues	 _				_		
Taxes	\$ 5,024,329	\$	1,602,317	\$	1,170,553	\$	2,058,449
Special assessments	21,137		-		-		1,170,672
Licenses and permits	257,902		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	3,664,024		1,110,133		-		-
Contribution from component unit	-		-		-		-
Charges for services	962,437		1,032,420		-		-
Fines and forfeitures	65,086		- 0.404		-		-
Investment earnings (loss)	87,822		8,184		63,885		60,208
Miscellaneous	 21,367		122,338		4 004 400		
Total Revenues	 10,104,104		3,875,392		1,234,438		3,289,329
Expenditures Current							
General government	2,454,803		-		-		-
Public safety	3,481,572		-		-		-
Streets and highways	2,481,979		-		-		-
Sanitation and waste removal	159,917		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		3,292,169		-		-
Economic development	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	1,595,162		-		95,943		-
Capital outlay							
General government	29,003		-		-		-
Public safety	110,871		-		-		-
Streets and highways	-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		440,531		-		-
Economic development	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	94,734		-		-		-
Debt service							
Principal	-		-		-		-
Interest	-		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs and fees	 						3,064
Total Expenditures	10,408,041		3,732,700		95,943		3,064
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (303,937)		142,692		1,138,495		3,286,265
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Sales of capital assets	2,505		_		_		_
Transfers in	30,962		15,741		_		_
Bonds issued	-		-		_		_
Bond discounts	_		_		_		_
Premium on bonds issued	_		_		_		_
Transfers out	(12,949)		_		(2,087,625)		(3,635,762)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 20,518		15,741		(2,087,625)		(3,635,762)
rotal other rinarioning courses (cocc)	 20,010	-	10,7 11		(2,007,020)		(0,000,102)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(283,419)		158,433		(949,130)		(349,497)
Fund Balances, January 1	 6,850,892		591,491		4,453,206		2,178,688
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 6,567,473	\$	749,924	\$	3,504,076	\$	1,829,191

		Cap	ital Projects							
						Other Total				
	Sales Tax		Capital		2018	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental	
R	eferendum	Im	provement		Bonds		Funds		Funds	
\$	_	\$	24,113	\$	_	\$	932,295	\$	10,812,056	
Ψ	<u>-</u>	Ψ	24,113	Ψ	-	Ψ	57,062	Ψ	1,248,871	
	_		_		_		-		257,902	
	_		_		854,933		39,135		5,668,225	
	_		_		513,443		-		513,443	
	-		6,165		-		45,445		2,046,467	
	-		-		-		20,509		85,595	
	32,098		70,948		(4,783)		101,857		420,219	
	-		-		1,050		35,673		180,428	
	32,098		101,226		1,364,643		1,231,976		21,233,206	
							_			
	-		-		-		-		2,454,803	
	-		-		-		12,220		3,493,792	
	923		-		141,555		-		2,624,457	
	-		-		-		700.004		159,917	
	-		-		-		766,394		4,058,563	
	-		-		-		24,928		24,928 1,926,204	
	-		-		-		235,099		1,926,204	
	_		19,837		_		_		48,840	
	-		5,418		-		-		116,289	
	33,314		, -		3,101,081		141,636		3,276,031	
	-		7,592		-		-		448,123	
	-		-		-		125,147		125,147	
	-		-		-		-		94,734	
							E 422 004		E 422 904	
	38,683		-		-		5,433,894 350,169		5,433,894 388,852	
	30,003		_		33,683		330,109		36,747	
	72,920		32,847		3,276,319	-	7,089,487		24,711,321	
	12,020		32,047		0,270,010		7,000,407		24,711,021	
	(40,822)		68,379		(1,911,676)		(5,857,511)		(3,478,115)	
	_		11,225		_		_		13,730	
	_		90,808		595,690		5,723,387		6,456,588	
	7,055,000		-		2,560,000		-		9,615,000	
	(43,616)		-		(20,543)		-		(64,159)	
	226,313		-		149,123		-		375,436	
	-		(33,754)		-		(686,498)		(6,456,588)	
	7,237,697		68,279		3,284,270		5,036,889		9,940,007	
	7,196,875		136,658		1,372,594		(820,622)		6,461,892	
			4,629,817		(250,554)		5,459,608		23,913,148	
\$	7,196,875	\$	4,766,475	\$	1,122,040	\$	4,638,986	\$	30,375,040	

Reconciliation of the Statement of

Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

to the Statement of Activities

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,461,892
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay	4,855,371
Depreciation expense	(4,566,741)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Principal repayments Debt issued or incurred	5,433,894 (9,615,000)
Premium on bonds issued, net of amortization	(302,840)
Discount on bonds issued, net of amortization	(41,036)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental fund because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(98,416)
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds. Pension expense Direct aid contributions	498,661 41,512
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	
Property taxes/tax increments	10,267
Special assessments	202,790
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Other post employment benefit amortization Compensated absences	(47,085) 23,124
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services to individual funds. The net revenues of certain activities of internal service funds is reported	
with governmental activities.	331,386
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,187,779

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Park and Recreation Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

General

	Budgeted Amounts				iciai			
						Actual	Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	5,025,629	\$	5,025,629	\$	5,024,329	\$	(1,300)
Special assessments		29,300		29,300		21,137		(8,163)
Licenses and permits		249,000		249,000		257,902		8,902
Intergovernmental		4,032,630		4,032,630		3,664,024		(368,606)
Charges for services		1,156,181		1,156,181		962,437		(193,744)
Fines and forfeitures		70,700		70,700		65,086		(5,614)
Investment earnings		69,330		69,330		87,822		18,492
Miscellaneous		66,680		66,680		21,367		(45,313)
Total Revenues		10,699,450		10,699,450		10,104,104		(595,346)
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		2,312,013		2,323,011		2,454,803		(131,792)
Public safety		3,567,156		3,570,490		3,481,572		88,918
Streets and highways		2,831,138		2,831,138		2,481,979		349,159
Sanitation and waste removal		187,927		187,927		159,917		28,010
Culture and recreation		, -		, -		, -		<i>,</i> -
Miscellaneous		1,566,243		1,586,057		1,595,162		(9,105)
Capital outlay		253,000		619,848		234,608		385,240
Total Expenditures		10,717,477		11,118,471		10,408,041		710,430
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(18,027)		(419,021)		(303,937)		115,084
, ,		, , ,		, , ,		, , ,		,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Sales of capital assets		-		-		2,505		2,505
Transfers in		-		-		30,962		30,962
Transfers out						(12,949)		(12,949)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						20,518		20,518
Net Change in Fund Balances		(18,027)		(419,021)		(283,419)		135,602
Fund Balances, January 1		6,850,892		6,850,892		6,850,892		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	6,832,865	\$	6,431,871	\$	6,567,473	\$	135,602

Park and Recreation

 Budgeted	Amou	ınts	100.0	auon	
Original		Final		Actual Amounts	iance with al Budget
\$ 1,594,640	\$	1,594,640	\$	1,602,317	\$ 7,677
-		-		-	-
1,109,948		1,109,948		1,110,133	185
1,031,400		1,031,400		1,032,420	1,020
-		-		-	-
11,900		11,900		8,184	(3,716)
 20,800		20,800		122,338	 101,538
 3,768,688		3,768,688		3,875,392	 106,704
-		-		-	-
-		-		-	-
-		-		-	-
3,233,907		3,254,127		3,292,169	(38,042)
, , <u>-</u>		-		-	-
 607,863		873,002		440,531	 432,471
 3,841,770		4,127,129		3,732,700	 394,429
(73,082)		(358,441)		142,692	501,133
(10,000)		(000,111)		,	
-		-		-	-
-		-		15,741	15,741
 				15,741	 15,741
_				-,	
(73,082)		(358,441)		158,433	516,874
E01 401		E04 404		E01 404	
 591,491		591,491		591,491	
\$ 518,409	\$	233,050	\$	749,924	\$ 516,874

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2018

	Internal Service Funds
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 3,871,960
Due from other funds	410
Inventories	110,411_
Total Current Assets	3,982,781
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets	
Buildings and structures	1,816,748
Machinery and equipment	5,727,856
Accumulated depreciation	(4,996,649)
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,547,955
Total Assets	6,530,736
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pension resources	22,108
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	10,625
Accrued salaries payable	5,882
Claims incurred but not paid	24,466
Unearned revenue	239,721_
Total Current Liabilities	280,694
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Pension liability	99,448
Total Liabilities	380,142
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension resources	24,939
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets	2,547,955
Unrestricted	3,599,808
Total Net Position	\$ 6,147,763

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	<u>Se</u>	Internal ervice Funds
Operating Revenues	Φ.	4 004 044
Charges for services	\$	1,064,644
Insurance premiums		3,098,215
Insurance refunds		12,188
Total Operating Revenues		4,175,047
Operating Expenses		
Administrative and general		222,807
Insurance premiums		2,916,662
Self funded claims		186,559
Vehicle maintenance		278,194
Depreciation		390,643
Total Operating Expenses		3,994,865
Operating Income (Loss)		180,182
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
State other aid		333
Pension revenue		761
Gain on sale of assets		26,519
Investment income		48,285
Miscellaneous income		278,105
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		354,003
Change in Net Position		534,185
Net Position, January 1		5,613,578
Net Position, December 31	<u>\$</u>	6,147,763

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Se	Internal rvice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers and interfund services provided Payments to and on behalf of employees Other receipts Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	4,161,067 (318,565) (3,061,925) 290,626 1,071,203
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Increase (decrease) in due from other funds		1,516
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	26,519 (364,620) (338,101)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest income received		48,285
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		782,903
Cash and Cash Equivalents January 1		3,089,057
December 31	\$	3,871,960
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	180,943
Other income related to operations Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in assets		278,438 390,643
Accounts receivable Inventory Prepaid items (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		645 (5,148) 233,985
Deferred pension resources (Decrease) increase in liabilities		4,428
Accounts payable Accrued salaries payable Claims incurred, but not paid Unearned revenue Pension liability (Decrease) increase in deferred inflows of resources		3,716 1,431 (5,247) (2,437) (8,390)
Deferred pension resources		(1,804)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,071,203

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2018

	Agency	_
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 378,204	_
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 35,174	
Due to other entities	343,030	_
Total Liabilities	\$ 378,204	_

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of New Ulm, Minnesota (the City) is a municipal corporation that operates under a Home Rule Charter adopted on September 30, 1952. The City is governed by a Mayor-Council-Manager form of government; the Mayor and Council President are elected on an at-large basis and the four other Councilors are elected on a Ward basis. The Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City. The component units consist of the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) and the Economic Development Authority (EDA), which have December 31 and June 30 year ends, respectively.

Component Units:

Economic Development Authority (EDA) - The EDA was created to carry out housing and economic development activities within the City. The seven member governing board (two are City Council members) is appointed by the Council. The Council also approves tax levies and directs the activities of EDA's management. Various city employees, such as, the City Manager, Finance Director, City Attorney and the Housing Coordinator perform key management functions for the EDA. The EDA is a discretely presented component unit presented as a business-type activity as the Board makeup of the entity is not substantially the same as the City Council and does not exclusively provide services to the City.

The *Public Utilities Commission (PUC)* serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a board appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Council. The PUC establishes user charges and all other policies and procedures relating to its operations except purchasing and disposing of land, and the issuance of debt. The City Manager exercises control over the PUC's operations and the Finance Director is the Chief Financial Officer for the PUC. Bond issuance authorizations are approved by the Council and the legal liability for the PUC's general obligation debt remains with the City. The PUC is reported as a discretely presented component unit as a business-type activity. The PUC is presented discretely as the Commissioner makeup of the entity is not substantially the same as the City Council and does not exclusively provide services to the City.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the City's finance department, City of New Ulm, 100 North Broadway, New Ulm, Minnesota 56073.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Park and Recreation fund* accounts for the activities associated with maintaining the City's parks and for the operation of various recreation programs. Parkland dedication funds, tax levy and charges for services are committed and restricted revenue sources.

The Sales Tax Revenue fund was established to record sales, use and excise tax revenues and transfers to the Bond Fund for debt service associated with General Obligation Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 and for capital projects related to the sales tax referendum projects.

The *Bond Sinking fund* accounts for the resources accumulated for principal and interest payments on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *Capital Improvement fund* accounts for funds to be used to acquire or replace buildings, equipment or other improvements for City operations.

Sales Tax Referendum fund was established to record bond funds received and the usage of those funds to complete projects that were approved by a voter approved referendum.

The 2018 Bonds fund accounts for costs associated with projects that will be financed through the issuance of G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service funds account for information technology, fleet management and insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's PUC and EDA component units and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

The City may invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed investment contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investment policy: The City will consolidate cash and reserve balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings and to increase efficiencies with regard to investment pricing, safekeeping and administration. The City's investment program shall be operated in conformance with federal, state, and other legal requirements, including Minnesota statute 118A.

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the City's investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective will be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk.

The City will minimize credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by:

- Limiting investments to the types of securities listed in Minnesota statute 118A
- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business in accordance with certain criteria
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized.

The City will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.
- Investing operating funds primarily in money market checking accounts, shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity of the portfolio in accordance with this policy. For investments that are not immediately needed or matched to mature with certain cash flows the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than an average expected life of ten (10) years from the date of purchase or in accordance with state and local statutes and ordinances. Any reserve funds that have longer-term investment horizons may be invested in securities exceeding ten (10) years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds. The intent to invest in securities with longer maturities shall be disclosed in writing to the legislative body.

In accordance with Minnesota statute 118A.03 on the Collateralization of Public Deposits, full collateralization will be required on all demand deposit accounts, including checking accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's recurring fair value measurements are listed in detail on page 70 and are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 and 2 inputs).

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018:

- U.S. Federal governmental agency securities of \$20,528,044 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) which includes the PUC portion of \$7,595,376.
- Negotiable certificates of deposit of \$21,743,000 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs) which includes the PUC portion of \$8,044,910.

Receivables and Payables

Property tax levies are set by the Council no later than December of each year and are certified to Brown County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, Counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1, and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Revenue from property taxes are accrued and recognized in the year collectible.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed on the same date. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (due on May 15) and the second billing (due on October 15). The billings are considered past due after the respective due dates at which time penalties and interest are assessed. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts normally during the months of June, July, November and December. Taxes which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable and are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements.

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled PUC receivables are also included for services provided in 2018. Uncollectible amounts are not material and as such, no allowance for uncollectible accounts have been recorded.

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year-end. All governmental special assessments receivable are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. The costs of the PUC inventories are valued at the lower of cost using the average cost method, or market.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the PUC revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment and capital improvements, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities (PUC and EDA component units) columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (primary government), \$5,000 (PUC), and \$1,000 (EDA) (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land Improvements	15 to 25
Buildings and Structures	20 to 40
Roads	25 to 40
Curb and Gutter	20 to 40
Bridges	40 to 70
Sidewalks	20 to 40
Sewer Mains/Lift Stations	40 to 50
Street Lights	30
Machinery and Equipment	5 to 10
Office Equipment/Furniture and Fixtures	3 to 10
Computer Equipment/Software	3
Playground Equipment/Fencing	5 to 25
Vehicles	5 to 10
Exhaustible Monuments/Historical Landmarks	25
Non-exhaustible Monuments/Historical Landmarks	Non-depreciable

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items which qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, deferred pension resources and deferred other postemployment benefit resources, are reported only in the statement of net position. These items result from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions and OPEB contributions made subsequent to the measurement dates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. At termination of employment, a percentage of an employee's unpaid accumulated sick leave is paid based upon the average hours of sick leave used by such employee. Compensated absence pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The total amount accrued for compensated absences at December 31, 2018 was \$531,952 and \$473,613 for the City and PUC, respectively. For the most part, the General, Park and Recreation and Library funds are typically used to liquidate governmental compensated absences payable.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Under Minnesota statute 471.61, subdivision 2b., public employers must allow retirees and their dependents to continue coverage indefinitely in an employer-sponsored health care plan, under the following conditions: 1) Retirees must be receiving (or eligible to receive) an annuity from a Minnesota public pension plan, 2) Coverage must continue in group plan until age 65, and retirees must pay no more than the group premium, and 3) Retirees may obtain dependent coverage immediately before retirement. All premiums are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The liability was actuarially determined, in accordance with GASB Statement 75, at December 31, 2018.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

The total pension expense for the GERF, PEPFF, PEDCP and the New Ulm Fire Relief Association is as follows:

Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA)								ire Relief	Total All		
	GERF		PEPFF		PEDCP		A	ssociation	Plans		
Pension Expense	\$	126,401	\$	81,510	\$	925	\$	(105,185)	\$	103,651	

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The City has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council (the Council), which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the Finance Director.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 50 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Payment in Lieu of Taxes

Revenues include payments in lieu of property taxes paid from the PUC to the City as required in the City Charter Section 235. Five percent of the specified receipts from sources of the utilities shall be paid over to the City Treasurer monthly. Total PUC payments to the City were \$1,972,935 and \$2,012,130 for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General fund; select special revenue funds including the Library, Park and Recreation, and Parking Meter special revenue funds; and the Bond Sinking debt service fund. No budget is adopted for the Economic Development Loan Program special revenue fund because it is not legally required to do so. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the City Manager submits to the Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted between November 20 and December 20 to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution prior to December 31.
- 4. The Council may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts between departments within any fund.
- 5. Budgetary control is maintained at the object of expenditure category level within each activity, and in compliance with City charter requirements. Also inherent in this controlling function is the management philosophy that the existence of a particular item or appropriation in the approved budget does not automatically mean that it will be spent. The budget process has flexibility in that, where need has been properly demonstrated, an adjustment can be made within the department budget by the City Manager, or between departments by the Council. Therefore, there is a constant review process and expenditures are not approved until it has been determined that: (1) adequate funds were appropriated; (2) the expenditure is still necessary; and (3) funds are available.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Excess Expenditures over Budget

For the year ended December 31, 2018, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the following fund:

					Expe	ess of nditures Over	
Fund	Budget			ctual	Appropriations		
Debt Service							
Bond sinking	\$ 5	2,500	\$	3,064	\$	564	

T........

Excess expenditures were funded by actual revenues in excess of budgeted amounts and available fund balance.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following is a summary of the funds with deficit fund balances as of year-end:

Fund	Amount
Special Revenue	
Nonmajor	
TIF Districts	\$ 97,349
Capital Projects	
Nonmajor	
Airport Runway Extension	283,660

The deficits in the TIF District funds were caused by excess expenditures over tax increment revenues. These will be eliminated through future collection of tax increment revenues.

The deficit in the Airport Runway Extension fund was caused by excess capital expenditures over Federal and State aids and grants from prior years. This deficit will be eliminated through transfers, grant dollars and future bond proceeds.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance, bonds or irrevocable standby letters of credit from Federal Home Loan Banks.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by
 written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard
 & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$22,013,311, including \$378,204 reported in fiduciary funds. The bank balance of \$23,557,475 was covered by \$250,000 of federal depository insurance and the remaining \$23,307,475 was covered by letters or credit issued by the City's agent in the City's name. The primary government and component unit's cash and investments are pooled.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Investments

As of December 31, 2018, the City had the following investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or it's agent in the City's name:

				Primary Gov	ernm	ent				
	Credit	Segmented								
	Quality/	Time				Fair Valu	ue Me	easurement U		
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)		Amount		Level 1		Level 2	Lev	el 3
Non-pooled investments at fair value										
Governmental Agency Securities	N/A	1 to 3 years	\$	6,690,600	\$	6,690,600	\$	-	\$	-
Governmental Agency Securities	AAA	more than 3 years		6,242,068		6,242,068		-		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	less than 6 months		926,100		-		926,100		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	6 months to 1 year		1,849,050		-		1,849,050		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	1 to 3 years		5,538,330		-		5,538,330		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	more than 3 years		5,384,610		-		5,384,610		-
Total Primary Government Investme	ents		•	26,630,758		12,932,668		13,698,090		-
				Component U	nit -	PUC				
	Credit	Segmented								
	Quality/	Time				Fair Valu	ue Me	easurement U	sing	
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)		Amount		Level 1		Level 2	Lev	el 3
Pooled investments at amortized costs										
Governmental Agency Securities	N/A	1 to 3 years	\$	3,929,400	\$	3,929,400	\$	-	\$	-
Governmental Agency Securities	AAA	more than 3 years		3,665,976		3,665,976		-		-
Governmental Agency Securities	N/A	more than 3 years		-		-		=		-
Governmental Agency Securities	IN/A	more man e yeare								
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	less than 6 months		543,900		-		543,900		-
• ,		•		543,900 1,085,950		-		543,900 1,085,950		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A N/A N/A	less than 6 months		•		- - -		•		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A N/A	less than 6 months 6 months to 1 year		1,085,950		7,595,376		1,085,950		- - - -

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

\$ 42,271,044 \$ 20,528,044 \$ 21,743,000 \$

Total Investments

⁽²⁾ Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the statement of net position follows:

	 Primary Government	Component Unit - PUC		•		Agency		Totals	
Carrying Amount of Deposits Investments Cash on Hand	\$ 6,040,167 26,630,758 1,729	\$	13,029,795 15,640,286 250	\$	2,565,145 - -	\$	378,204 - -	\$	22,013,311 42,271,044 1,979
Total	\$ 32,672,654	\$	28,670,331	\$	2,565,145	\$	378,204	\$	64,286,334
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 32,672,654	\$	24,551,578 4,118,753	\$	2,521,821 43,324	\$	378,204	\$	60,124,257 4,162,077
Total	\$ 32,672,654	\$	28,670,331	\$	2,565,145	\$	378,204	\$	64,286,334

B. Receivables

Notes receivable are for property rehabilitation, economic development, employee computer purchase program and other similar items. Amounts are generally payable in monthly installments over three to ten years. Interest rates are up to 2.0 percent.

Special assessment receivables are generally payable in ten equal annual installments plus interest. Interest rates are between 3.5 percent and 6.0 percent.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Primary government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 11,424,435	\$ 132,739	\$ -	\$ 11,557,174
Non-exhaustible monuments	30,000	-	-	30,000
Construction in progress	473,721	267,127	(402,134)	338,714
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	11,928,156	399,866	(402,134)	11,925,888
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	29,025,427	98,873	-	29,124,300
Improvements other than buildings	3,527,475	74,569	-	3,602,044
Infrastructure	96,227,756	4,363,249	-	100,591,005
Machinery and equipment	9,641,685	520,658	(181,488)	9,980,855
Office furniture and equipment	170,661	29,003	-	199,664
Park equipment	928,484	135,907		1,064,391
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	139,521,488	5,222,259	(181,488)	144,562,259
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	(15,389,484)	(709,333)	-	(16,098,817)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,132,144)	(177,846)	-	(1,309,990)
Infrastructure	(40,328,625)	(3,366,069)	-	(43,694,694)
Machinery and equipment	(6,327,033)	(636,826)	181,488	(6,782,371)
Office furniture and equipment	(150,368)	(5,364)	-	(155,732)
Park equipment	(379,290)	(61,946)		(441,236)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(63,706,944)	(4,957,384)	181,488	(68,482,840)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	75,814,544	264,875		76,079,419
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 87,742,700	\$ 664,741	\$ (402,134)	\$ 88,005,307

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 67,580
Public safety	257,874
Streets and highways, including depreciation of general infrastructure assets	2,794,248
Culture and recreation	728,725
Miscellaneous	710,971
Community access	7,343
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	390,643
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 4,957,384

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Discretely presented component units

Capital asset activity for the PUC for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 547,579	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 547,579
Construction in progress	124,502	24,103	(124,502)	24,103
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	672,081	24,103	(124,502)	571,682
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and structures	\$ 5,477,770	46,943	-	5,524,713
Plant in service	136,954,125	3,574,351	_	140,528,476
Machinery and equipment	16,214,234	677,237	(43,230)	16,848,241
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	158,646,129	4,298,531	(43,230)	162,901,430
Less Accumulated Depreciation For				
Buildings and structures	\$ (4,184,160)	(136,376)	_	(4,320,536)
Plant in service	(76,453,471)	(3,347,725)	_	(79,801,196)
Machinery and equipment	(11,798,562)	(736,485)	43,230	(12,491,817)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(92,436,193)	(4,220,586)	43,230	(96,613,549)
. o.a. / . o.a. / . a.a. 2 op / o.a. a.	(62,100,100)	(:,==0,000)	,	(00,0:0,0:0)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	66,209,936	77,945		66,287,881
Total PUC Capital Assets, Net	\$ 66,882,017	\$ 102,048	\$ (124,502)	\$ 66,859,563
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/pro	grams of the PUC	as follows:		
Electric				\$ 1,722,841
District Energy				104,293
Natural Gas				351,981
Water				837,918
Wastewater				1,052,912
Capital Assets Held by the PUC's Internal Service F	unds are Charged	i		, ,
To the Various Functions Based on Their Usage	•			150,641
Total Depreciation Expense - PUC				\$ 4,220,586

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

consultation fees.

The PUC has active construction projects as of December 31, 2018. At year end the PUC's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project			Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment
Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements			\$ 4,479,771	\$ 191,466
Capital asset activity for the EDA for the year ended June 3	30, 2018 was as f	follows:		
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land	\$1,067,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,067,672
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture and equipment Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	9,166,919 404,113 208,540 9,779,572	146,002 - 46,419 192,421	- - - -	9,312,921 404,113 254,959 9,971,993
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture and equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,649,946) (345,825) (181,453) (7,177,224)	(327,404) (8,083) (10,901) (346,388)	- - - -	(6,977,350) (353,908) (192,354) (7,523,612)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,602,348	(153,967)		2,448,381
Total EDA Capital Assets, Net	\$3,670,020	\$ (153,967)	\$ -	\$3,516,053
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs	of the EDA as foll	lows:		
Housing Development			=	\$ 346,388
D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers				
The composition of interfund balances as of December 31,	2018 is as follow	/s:		
Advances to/from other funds:				
Receivable Fund	Payab	le Fund		Amount
Economic Development Loan Program TIF D	Districts			\$ 156,631
This advance was made to cover TIFs RD-9's, H-8's and H	I-9' initial costs ar	nd other costs,	such as legal, a	pplication and

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity/Fund	Payable Entity/Fund	Amount
Internal service funds - primary government	Public Utilities Commission - component unit	\$ 116,191

The balance due from the component unit to the primary government results from interfund charges and the elimination of internal service fund operations.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Transfer in											
			Pa	ark and	(Capital		2018	Nonm	ajor		
Fund		General	Re	ecreation	Imp	rovement		Bonds	Governr	mental		Totals
Transfer Out						<u> </u>						
General	\$	-	\$	12,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,949
Sales Tax Revenue		-		-		-		-	2,08	7,625		2,087,625
Bond Sinking		-		-		-		-	3,63	5,762		3,635,762
Capital Improvement		30,962		2,792		-		-		-		33,754
Nonmajor governmental				-		90,808		595,690				686,498
Total Transfers Out	\$	30,962	\$	15,741	\$	90,808	\$	595,690	\$ 5,72	3,387	\$	6,456,588

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the Debt Service funds as debt service principal and interest payments become due and 2) move unrestricted General fund revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs. Transfers during 2018 were made for the following purposes:

Capital improvements Capital reserves Debt service payments Closing funds

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Long-term Debt

<u>General obligation bonds -</u> The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of infrastructure and major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and component unit activities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund both general obligation and general obligation revenue bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as 10-year bonds structured so that annual debt service payments are relatively constant on an annual basis. The City also issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The General Obligation Improvement Bonds are partially repaid from special assessments.

General obligation sales tax revenue bonds - The City issued general obligation sales tax revenue bonds to finance the construction and upgrading of recreational facilities, including a civic and community center. The bonds are general obligations of the City for which the City will pledge its full faith, credit and taxing powers for the repayment of the bonds. In addition, the City pledged revenues generated by a one half of one percent sales and use tax and an excise tax imposed by the City.

Bonds and notes outstanding are as follows:

General obligation improvement (special assessment) bonds

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
2012 G.O. PIRF Bonds	\$ 3,300,000	0.60 - 1.90 %	08/21/12	12/01/22	\$ 955,000
2013A G.O. PIRF Bonds	2,875,000	0.30 - 2.15	07/15/13	12/01/23	1,505,000
2014 G.O. PIRF Bonds	3,470,000	0.30 - 2.16	09/09/14	12/01/24	1,430,000
2015 G.O. PIRF Bonds	3,275,000	2.00 - 2.25	07/01/15	12/01/25	2,355,000
2016 G.O. PIRF Bonds	3,195,000	1.50 - 2.00	07/19/16	12/01/26	1,510,000
2017 G.O. PIRF Bonds	2,995,000	2.00	09/05/17	12/01/27	2,540,000
2018 G.O. PIRF Bonds	2,560,000	3.00 - 4.00	09/06/18	12/01/28	2,560,000
Total G.O. Special Assessment Bonds					\$ 12,855,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation special assessment bonds are as follows:

	G.O. Special Assessment Bonds							
Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total					
2019	\$ 2,545,000	\$ 322,116	\$ 2,867,116					
2020	2,260,000	243,958	2,503,958					
2021	1,955,000	188,695	2,143,695					
2022	1,650,000	141,665	1,791,665					
2023	1,390,000	106,510	1,496,510					
2024 - 2028	3,055,000	169,812	3,224,812					
Total	<u>\$ 12,855,000</u>	\$ 1,172,756	\$ 14,027,756					

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General obligation sales tax revenue bonds

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate		Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
2018B Sales Tax Bonds	\$ 7,055,000	3.00 - 4.00	%	09/06/18	12/01/38	\$ 7,055,000
The annual debt service requirements to	maturity for gene	eral obligation	sale	s tax revenue	bonds are as fo	ollows:
Year Ending					ıles Tax Revenu vernmental Activ	
December 31				Principal	Interest	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 - 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038 Total			\$	300,000 310,000 315,000 1,725,000 2,010,000 2,395,000 7,055,000	\$ 300,877 243,406 243,406 231,406 219,006 901,582 606,482 255,894 \$ 3,002,059	\$ 300,877 243,406 543,406 541,406 534,006 2,626,582 2,616,482 2,650,894 \$ 10,057,059
Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate		Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
Special Assessments of 2008	\$ 438,944	6.00	%	12/31/08	12/31/22	\$ 175,578
The annual debt service requirements to	maturity for spec	ial assessme	nts p	ayable are as	s follows:	
Year Ending				•	ecial Assessme vernmental Activ	
December 31			_	Dringinal	Interest	Total

Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
December 31	P	rincipal		nterest		Total		
2019	\$	43,894	\$	10,535	\$	54,429		
2020		43,895		7,901		51,796		
2021		43,895		5,267		49,162		
2022		43,894		2,634		46,528		
Total	\$	175,578	\$	26,337	\$	201,915		

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Restated				
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General obligation special					
assessment bonds	\$ 13,655,000	\$ 2,560,000	\$ (3,360,000)	\$ 12,855,000	\$2,545,000
General obligation sales					
tax revenue bonds	2,030,000	7,055,000	(2,030,000)	7,055,000	-
Less deferred amounts:					
Bond discounts	(41,036)	-	41,036	-	-
Bond premiums	265,523	375,436	(72,596)	568,363	
Total Bonds Payable	15,909,487	9,990,436	(5,421,560)	20,478,363	2,545,000
Special Assessments Payable	219,472		(43,894)	175,578	43,894
Compensated Absences Payable	555,076	534,484	(557,608)	531,952	372,308
Other Postemployment					
Benefits Obligation	461,598	99,651	(3,587)	557,662	
Pension Liability					
GERF	3,725,903	87,113	(376,260)	3,436,756	-
PEPFF	2,281,701		(443,029)	1,838,672	
Total Pension Liability	6,007,604	87,113	(819,289)	5,275,428	
Governmental Activity					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 23,153,237	\$ 10,711,684	\$ (6,845,938)	\$ 27,018,983	\$2,961,202

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Public Utilities Commission

<u>General obligation revenue bonds -</u> The PUC issues general obligation revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. In addition, general obligation revenue refunding bonds have been issued to refund general obligation revenue bonds.

General obligation revenue bonds are direct obligations of the PUC and pledge the revenues from the fund acquiring or constructing the asset financed by the debt, as well as all other PUC revenue and the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation revenue bonds

	Authorized	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Balance at
Description	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	Year End
Electric Fund					
2011B G.O. Revenue Bonds	\$ 3,000,000	2.00 - 2.625 %	12/29/11	12/01/26	\$ 1,890,000
Water Fund					
2013B G.O. Revenue Bonds	2,950,000	2.00 - 3.00	07/15/13	12/01/28	2,060,000
Wastewater Treatment Fund					
2007 G.O. Revenue Note (PFA)	4,002,900	2.65	06/27/07	08/20/26	2,019,000
2017A G.O. Revenue Bonds	5,560,000	2.00 - 3.00	09/05/17	12/01/36	5,375,000
Total G.O. Revenue Bonds Payable					11,344,000
Unamortized Bond Discounts/Prem	iums				206,200
Net PUC Bonds Payable					\$ 11,550,200

Annual revenues from charges for services, principal and interest payments, and percentage of revenue required to cover principal and interest payments are as follows:

	Electric		Water		/astewater
Revenues	\$ 23,242,786	\$	2,816,220	\$	3,627,967
Principal and Interest	287,889		239,013		663,131
Percentage of Revenues	1.2%		8.5%		18.3%

Annual requirements to maturity for PUC bonds payable are as follows:

		G.O. Revenue Bonds						
Year Ending	Component Unit Activities							
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total					
2019	\$ 865,000	\$ 297,922	\$ 1,162,922					
2020	881,000	276,828	1,157,828					
2021	902,000	255,324	1,157,324					
2022	924,000	233,311	1,157,311					
2023	955,000	210,475	1,165,475					
2024 - 2028	4,032,000	681,690	4,713,690					
2029 - 2033	1,645,000	313,350	1,958,350					
2034 - 2036	1,140,000	69,300	1,209,300					
Total	\$ 11,344,000	\$ 2,338,200	\$ 13,682,200					

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the PUC for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Restated				
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Public Utilities Commission Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General obligation revenue bonds	\$ 12,148,000	\$ -	\$ (804,000)	\$ 11,344,000	\$ 865,000
Bond discounts	(18,743)	-	2,102	(16,641)	-
Bond premiums	240,781	-	(17,940)	222,841	-
Total Bonds Payable	12,370,038	-	(819,838)	11,550,200	865,000
Compensated Absences Payable Other Postemployment Benefit	506,380	295,114	(327,881)	473,613	293,033
Obligation	294,848	387,610	(45,268)	637,190	-
Pension Liability	,	,	, ,	•	
GERF	5,158,219	41,519	(850,427)	4,349,311	
Public Utilities Commission					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 18,329,485	\$ 724,243	\$ (2,043,414)	\$ 17,010,314	\$ 1,158,033

Economic Development Authority

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the EDA for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	eginning alance	Ind	creases	De	ecreases	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Economic Development Authority Activities							
Compensated Absences							
Payable	\$ 9,258	\$	9,397	\$	(9,432)	\$ 9,223	\$ -
Pension Liability							
GERF	62,206		9,144		(13,124)	58,226	5,075
Economic Development Authority Long-term					<u> </u>		
Liabilities	\$ 71,464	\$	18,541	\$	(22,556)	\$ 67,449	\$ 5,075

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

<u>Conduit debt obligations</u> - From time to time, the City issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Issued to	Issue	Amount	at		
	Date	Issued	Year End		
HADC Ridgeway on German (Refinanced) Highland Regency House	08/20/14	\$ 10,335,000	\$ 9,645,000		
	10/01/13	4,590,000	4,430,000		
Total Conduit Debt Obligations		\$ 14,925,000	\$ 14,075,000		

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The PEPFF, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by Minnesota statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989 receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. If the General Employees Plan is at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years, benefit recipients are given a 2.5 percent increase. If the plan has not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, benefit recipients are given a one percent increase. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase.

PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0 percent increase. An annual adjustment will equal 2.5 percent any time the plan exceeds a 90 percent funded ratio for two consecutive years. If the adjustment is increased to 2.5 percent and the funded ratio falls below 80 percent for one year or 85 percent for two consecutive years, the post-retirement benefit increase will be lowered to one percent. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase. For retirements after May 31, 2014, the first increase will be delayed two years.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

GERF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent of pay for Coordinated Plan members in fiscal year 2018. The City's contributions to the GERF for the years ending December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$319,833, \$306,965 and \$273,563, respectively. The City's contributions were, equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

PEPFF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary and the City was required to contribute 16.20 percent of pay for members in fiscal year 2018. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the years ending December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$295,210, \$289,480 and \$274,764, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

D. Pension Costs

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

GERF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City of New Ulm reported a liability of \$3,494,982 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability of which the EDA's portion was calculated at \$58,226. The EDA's pension liability was reported as \$58,226 due to a timing difference which exists due to the EDA having a June 30 year-end. At December 31, 2018, the PUC reported a liability of \$4,349,311 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2018. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$114,701 of which the EDA's portion was \$732 The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the PUC totaled \$142,715. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The EDA's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City of New Ulm's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City of New Ulm's proportionate share was 0.0586 percent which was no change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. The EDA's proportionate share was calculated at 0.0009 percent at June 30, 2018 a 0.0001 percent increase from June 30, 2017. The PUC's proportionate share was 0.0784 percent which was a 0.00240.0024 percent decrease from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 7,844,293

State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City \$ 257,416

Total \$ 8.101.709

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$107,914 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense of which the EDA's portion was calculated at \$4,927. The PUC recognized negative pension expense of \$359,749 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$26,748 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the GERF of which the EDA's portion was calculated at \$21. In addition, the PUC recognized an additional \$33,281 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the GERF.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the City reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

		Primary Government				Component Unit - PUC			Component Unit - EDA			
		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		D	eferred
	(Outflows	Inflows		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		l'	nflows
	of F	Resources	of I	Resources	of I	Resources	of Resources		of R	esources	of R	esources
Differences Between Expected and												
Actual Experience	\$	90,642	\$	125,613	\$	115,256	\$	109,161	\$	1,903	\$	3,599
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		331,237		386,862		412,142		488,691		9,072		5,837
Net Difference Between Projected and												
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		332,345		-		462,057		-		2,830
Changes in Proportion		179,731		12,485		51,828		164,354		4,574		6,886
Contributions to GERF Subsequent												
to the Measurement Date		154,949				198,158				4,861		
Total	\$	756,559	\$	857,305	\$	777,384	\$	1,224,263	\$	20,410	\$	19,152

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$357,968 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to GERF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Primary Government		Component Unit - PUC		mponent iit - EDA
2019 2020	\$ 152,510 (126,014)	\$	98,306 (250,228)	\$	(3,433) 2,080
2021 2022	(211,715) (70,476)		(402,339) (90,776)		221 (2,471)

PEPFF Contributions

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$1,838,672 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.1725 percent which was a 0.0035 percent increase from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$65,985 for its proportionate share of PEPFF's pension expense. The City also recognized \$15,525 for the year ended December 31, 2018 as pension expense (and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's onbehalf contributions to the plan. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the PEPFF each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the City reported its proportionate share of PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and	Φ.	74.000	Φ	104.000
Actual Experience	\$	74,622	\$	464,298
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		2,382,538		2,706,764
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		374,625
Changes in Proportion		86,541		46,829
Contributions to PEPFF Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		144,289		
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,687,990	\$	3,592,516

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$144,289 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to PEPFF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to PEPFF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ 56,420
2020	(120,119)
2021	(262,219)
2022	(727,545)
2023	4,648

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for all plans for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for GERF and 1.0 percent per year for PEPFF.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent six-year experience study in the GERF plan was completed in 2015. The most recent four-year experience study for PEPFF was completed in 2016. Economic assumptions were updated in 2017 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

GERF

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

PEPFF

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	36.00 %	5.10 %
International Stocks	17.00	5.30
Bonds	20.00	0.75
Alternative Assets	25.00	5.90
Cash	2.00_	-
Total	<u>100.00</u> %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2018 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF and PEPFF were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		City Proportionate Share of NPL								
		1 Percent				1 Percent				
	Decr	Decrease (6.50%)		Current (7.50%)		ease (8.50%)_				
GERF										
Primary government	\$	5,589,480	\$	3,436,756	\$	1,659,526				
Component unit - PUC		7,068,186		4,349,311		2,104,956				
Component unit - EDA		90,313		58,226		31,957				
PEPFF		3,942,229		1,838,672		99,119				

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Note 5: Defined Contribution Plan

Elected officials of the City are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

The defined contribution plan consists of individual accounts paying a lump-sum benefit. Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses, therefore, there is no future liability to the employer. Minnesota statutes, chapter 353d.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5 percent of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2 percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of 1 percent (.0025) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Pension expense for the year is equal to contributions made. Total contributions made by the City during the fiscal year 2018 were:

	Percentage of Contribution Amount Covered Payroll						
Em	Employee Employer		Employee	Employer	Required Rate		
\$	925	\$	925	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	

The City's contributions to the PEDCP for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$925, \$1,325 and \$1,325, respectively.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Benefit Association

A. Plan Description

All members of the New Ulm Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the New Ulm Fire Department Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2018, the plan covered 41 active firefighters and 7 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred.

The Association is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that operates under the provisions of Minnesota statutes, section 69 and 424, as amended. It is governed by a board of trustees made up of six members elected by the members of the Association for three-year terms. The Council President, Finance Director and Fire Chief of the City are ex officio, voting members of the Board.

B. Benefits Provided

A fire fighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the New Ulm Fire Department (the Department) is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement. The service pension prescribed by the Association's bylaws is a monthly benefit of \$25.50 for each year of service completed by the individual, or \$4,500 per year of service lump-sum.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed fewer than 20 years of service. The reduced pension, available to members with 10 years of service, shall be equal to 60 percent of the pension as prescribed by the bylaws. This percentage increases 4 percent per year so that at 20 years of service, the full amount prescribed is paid.

A member of the Association who has completed 20 or more years of active service with the Fire Department but has not reached age 50 shall have the right to retire from the department without forfeiting the right to a service pension. The member shall be entitled to a deferred service pension and upon attaining the age of 50, the Association shall, upon application thereof, pay the member's pension from the date the application is approved.

A member is also entitled to disability benefits of \$25.50 per month for the monthly plan, or \$4,500 lump sum for each year of service as an active member of the New Ulm Fire Department in the event the member becomes totally disabled.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$94,258 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the City Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2018, which was recorded as a revenue. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$94,258. The City made voluntary contributions of \$54,845 to the plan. Furthermore, the firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Benefit Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a net pension asset of \$624,705 for the plan. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by Van Iwaarden Associates applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department as of December 31, 2018. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)
Beginning Balance January 1, 2018	\$ 2,010,732	\$ 2,876,138	\$ (865,406)
Changes For the Year			
Service cost	63,733	-	63,733
Interest on pension liability (asset)	135,398	-	135,398
Actuarial experience (gains)/losses	(27,341)	-	(27,341)
Changes in assumptions	66,804	-	66,804
Net investment return	-	(122,742)	122,742
Contributions (state and local)	-	137,103	(137,103)
Benefit payments	(280,410)	(280,410)	-
Administrative expenses		(16,468)	16,468
Total Net Changes	(41,816)	(282,517)	240,701
Ending Balance December 31, 2018	\$ 1,968,916	\$ 2,593,621	\$ (624,705)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized negative pension expense of \$105,185.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Benefit Association (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	126,971	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Net		91,349		26,370	
Difference Between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		93,145		-	
Total	\$	184,494	\$	153,341	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ 12,902
2020	(14,209)
2021	(4,626)
2022	52,130
2023	(11,737)
Thereafter	(3,307)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2018 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement Eligibility at Later of Age 50 and 20 Years of Service
Onlaw Japaneses

Salary Increases	N/A
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%
20 Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.71%
Discount Rate	6.50%

Changes in actuarial assumptions related to updating retirement rates to reflect plan experience and expectations.

The 6.50 percent long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These asset class estimates are combined to produce the portfolio long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the current asset allocation percentage (or target allocation, if available) and by adding expected inflation (2.5%). The best-estimates of expected future asset class returns were published in the 2018 Survey of Capital Market Assumptions produced by Horizon Actuarial Services. These expected returns, along with expected asset class standard deviations and correlation coefficients, are based on Horizon's annual survey of investment advisory firms. The expected inflation assumption was developed based on an analysis of historical experience blended with forward-looking expectations available in market data.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Benefit Association (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	66.12 %	7.45 %
International Equity	14.94	7.74
Fixed Income	9.97	4.49
Real estate and alternatives	0.17	6.69
Cash and Equivalents	8.80_	3.08
Total	100.00 %	

F. Funding Status

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	1 Percent Decrease (5.50%)		Current (6.50%)		•	Percent ease (7.50%)
Defined Benefit Plan	\$	(531,298)	\$	(624,705)	\$	(712,091)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For financial reporting purposes, the Association's financial statements are not included in the City's financial statements because the Association is not a component unit of the City. The Association issues an annual financial statement and is available at the Finance Director's Office, 100 North Broadway, New Ulm, Minnesota, 56073.

Note 7: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description. The City of New Ulm (the City) and the New Ulm Public Utilities Commission (PUC) administer single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the union representing City employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

At December 31,2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

City Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments Active Plan Members	1 84
Active Flatt Methbers	04
Total Plan Members	85
PUC	
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	5
Active Plan Members	79
Total Plan Members	84

Funding policy. Contribution requirements also are negotiated between the City and union representatives. The City does not contribute any of the current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For the year ended 2018, the City and PUC directly contributed \$45,806 and \$12,010, respectively.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The City's and PUC's total OPEB liability of \$557,662 and \$637,190, respectively, were measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. Roll forward procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

The total OPEB liability for the City and PUC in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	3.31%
20-Year Municpal Bond Yeild	3.31%
Inflation Rate	2.75%
Medical Trend Rate	6.90% in 2018 gradually decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.40% in 2075 and later years

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.31 percent. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables with projected mortality improvements based on scale MP-2016, and other adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data. Each assumption was reviewed for reasonableness with the source information as well as for consistency with the other economic assumptions.

Note 7: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<u> </u>	Primary vernment tal OPEB Liability (a)	U	omponent nit - PUC otal OPEB Liability (a)
Balances at December 31, 2017 Changes for the Year:	\$	461,598	\$	603,810
Service cost		75,603		35,278
Interest		20,399		23,487
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		3,649		19,883
Benefit payments		(3,587)		(45,268)
Net Changes		96,064		33,380
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$	557,662	\$	637,190

Since the prior measurement date, the following assumptions changed:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.81% to 3.31% based on updated 20-year municipal bond rates.
- Healthcare trend rates were reset to reflect updated cost increase expectations, including an adjustment to reflect the impact of the Affordable Care Act's Excise Tax on high-cost health insurance plans
- Medical per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Withdrawal rates were updated from the age-based turnover data provided in the GASB 45 to the rates used in the 7/1/2017 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan valuation.
- The salary scale assumption was changed from a flat rate of 3.25 percent to the rates used in the 7/1/2017 PERA General Employees Retirement Plan valuation.

Since the prior measurement date, there were no changes in the benefit terms.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and PUC, as well as what the City's and PUC's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.31 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.31 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1	Percent			1	Percent
	Decrease (2.31%)		Current (3.31%)		Decrease (4.31%)	
City	\$	560,529	\$	557,662	\$	549,098
PÚC	\$	678,922	\$	637,190	\$	598,097

Note 7: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City and PUC, as well as what the City's and PUC's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Cost Trent Rates that is 1-percentage point lower (5.90 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent increasing to 5.40 percent) than the current discount rate:

	(5.9%	1 Percent Decrease (5.9% decreasing to 3.4%)		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (6.9% decreasing to 4.4%)		1 Percent Increase (7.9% decreasing to 5.4%)	
City	\$	481,665	\$	557,662	\$	646,716	
PUC	\$	579,251	\$	637,190	\$	705,378	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended 2018, the City and PUC recognized OPEB expense of \$47,085 and \$21,370, respectively. At December 31, 2018, the City and PUC reported deferred outflows of resources from the following sources:

	Primary Government				Component Unit - PUC			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Contributions to OPEB Subsequent	\$	3,173	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
to the Measurement Date		45,806		_		12,010		-
Total	\$	48,979	\$		\$	12,010	\$	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$45,806 and \$12,010, from the City and PUC respectively, are related contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:		
2019	\$ (476)	\$ -
2020	(476)	-
2021	(476)	-
2022	(476)	-
2023	(476)	-
Thereafter	(793)	-

Note 8: Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates in a public entity risk pool. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. In addition, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 8: Other Information (Continued)

The City and the PUC maintain an Insurance Trust Fund to cover claims not covered by insurance and a Health Insurance Trust Fund to self-fund a percentage of employees' deductibles. Changes in the Funds' claims liability amount in fiscal years 2018 and 2017 were:

Year	January 1 Claims Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Current Year Claim Payments	December 31 Claims Liability	
Insurance Trust Fund 2018 2017	\$ -	\$ 5,161 119,590	\$ (5,161) (119,590)	\$ -	
Health Insurance Trust Fund 2018	29,713	3,119,704	(3,124,951)	24,466	
2017	18,921	2,853,419	(2,842,627)	29,713	

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. An insurance policy covers individual general liability claims to a maximum of \$1,500,000. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Management's estimated IBNR at year end is \$0 in the Insurance Trust Fund. The Health Insurance Trust maintains a premium deposit account with the South Central Service Cooperative. Under the provisions of this account the risk of loss is only to the extent of premiums paid. A factor cannot be determined for claims incurred, but not reported. Management elects to reserve all funds in excess of liabilities for future claims. Management's estimated claims incurred, but not paid at year end is \$24,466 in the Health Insurance Trust Fund.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, or expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

C. Joint Services

In 1992, the City agreed to participate in the construction of a combined law enforcement center. Under the terms of the agreement, a Brown County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (a component unit of Brown County) was established which constructed the facility and made the required debt service payments. The County appoints the Authority's board, however, a group of City/County officials had input into the management of the facility. The City and County have a joint powers agreement to manage the facility. The City can occupy its allocated space into perpetuity; however, once it relinquishes its space, it has no rights to compensation or future occupancy. The City's share of operating costs for 2018 was \$80,668.

Note 8: Other Information (Continued)

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the participant or beneficiary) solely the property of the City subject only to the claims of the City's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the City in an amount equal to the fair market value of the unearned account for each participant.

The City has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

E. Concentrations

The City receives a significant amount of its annual General fund revenues from the State of Minnesota via the Local Government Aid (LGA) program. The amount received in 2018 was \$3,202,491, which accounted for 32 percent of General fund revenues.

Note 9: Major Customer

Two industrial customers of the PUC represent approximately 23.2 percent of the total utility revenue excluding municipal sales of the PUC and approximately 20.8 percent of outstanding utility receivables at December 31, 2018.

Note 10: Tax Abatements

As of December 31, 2018, the City has four agreements entered into by the City listed below that abate City property taxes. Below is information specific to each agreement:

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement on November 18, 1997 with a developer in which the developer incurs costs for development of a 50 unit senior housing project. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the City collects future tax increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$764,600 plus interest at a rate of 6% per annum over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.176) the maximum duration of 25 years. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on March 20, 2013 with Frontier Labs MN, LLC in which the developer incurs costs to expand an existing agriculture laboratory and testing facility. The City agreed to relieve property taxes as the tax burden would not otherwise be economically feasible within the foreseeable future. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$59,392 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812 through 469.1815) and has a maximum duration of 15 years. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

Note 10: Tax Abatements (Continued)

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on June 21, 2016 with Laboratory Instrument Leasing/Minnesota Valley Testing Lab in which the developer incurs costs for the construction of a new agricultural laboratory and testing facility building. The City agreed to relieve property taxes as the tax burden would not otherwise be economically feasible within the foreseeable future. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$400,000 over the life of the agreement not to exceed \$26,693 in any given year. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812 through 469.1815) and has a maximum duration of 15 years. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

Lost revenue as it relates to tax abatements for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	City Tax Rate (Year of Establishment)	strict Tax Capacity	Taxe	nount of es Abated g the Year
Tax Abatement Agreements				
Frontier Labs MN, LLC			\$	4,114
LIL/MVTL				4,303
Tax Increment Districts (PAYGO)				
TIF District #2-2	34.605%	\$ 30,378		10,512
Total			\$	18,929

Note 11: Change in Accounting Principle

During fiscal year 2018, the City implemented a new accounting pronouncement issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. These standards required a retroactive implementation which resulted in the restatement of beginning balances in the December 31, 2018 financial statements. Changes related to these standards are reflected in the financial statements and schedules and related disclosures are included in Note 1.

As a result of the restatement of beginning balances, the following schedule reconciles the previously reported December 31, 2017 balances to the December 31, 2018 financial statements:

Fund	Jai	Net Position nuary 1, 2018 s Previosly Reported	rior Period estatement	Net Position January 1, 2018 as Restated	
Governmental Activities	\$	96,274,297	\$ (88,890)	\$	96,185,407
Component Unit - PUC	\$	80,196,054	\$ (308,962)	\$	79,887,092

Required Supplementary Information

City of New Ulm New Ulm, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Fund

										Prima	ary		
					State's					Governn	nent's		
				Pro	portionate			Proportionate					
			Primary	5	Share of					Share o	f the		
		Go	overnment's	the N	let Pension				Net Per	nsion			
	Primary	Pr	oportionate	I	_iability	Primary			Liability	as a	Plan Fiduciary		
	Government's		Share of	Asso	ciated with	G			overnment's	Percenta	age of	Net Position	
Fiscal	Proportion of	the	Net Pension	the	Primary	Covered			Covered	Cover	ed	as a Percentage	
Year	the Net Pension		Liability	Go	vernment		Total		Payroll	Payr	oll	of the Total	
Ending	Liability *		(a) *		(b)		(a+b)		(c) *	(a/c)	Pension Liability	
06/30/18	0.0586 %	\$	3,436,756	\$	113,969	\$	3,550,725	\$	4,178,395	82	2.3 %	79.5 %	
06/30/17	0.0586		3,725,903		47,002		3,772,905		3,772,144	98	3.8	75.9	
06/30/16	0.0581		4,717,969		61,546		4,779,515		3,573,925	132	2.0	68.9	
06/30/15	0.0596		3,087,544		-		3,087,544		3,502,371	88	3.2	78.2	

^{*} Excludes EDA activity reported at 6/30 (multiply amounts by percentage from tab E that does not include EDA)

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

						Component			
			State's			Unit - PUC's			
			Proportionate	Proportionate Proportionate					
		Component	Share of			Share of the			
		Unit - PUC's	the Net Pension			Net Pension			
	Component	Proportionate	Liability		Component	Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary		
	Unit - PUC's	Share of	Associated with		Unit - PUC's	Percentage of	Net Position		
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	the Component		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage		
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	Unit - PUC	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total		
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	(a/c)	Pension Liability		
06/30/18	0.0784 %	\$ 4,349,311	\$ 142,715	\$ 4,492,026	\$ 5,271,840	82.5 %	79.5 %		
06/30/17	0.0808	5,158,219	64,829	5,223,048	5,202,783	99.1	75.9		
06/30/16	0.0791	6,422,528	83,846	6,506,374	4,907,096	130.9	68.9		
06/30/15	0.0826	4,280,761	-	4,280,761	4,852,536	88.2	78.2		

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

	Fiscal Year Ending	Component Unit - EDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Ur Pro the	omponent nit - EDA's oportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (a)	Prop SI the No Li Assoc the C	state's cortionate chare of cet Pension cability ciated with component t - EDA		Total (a+b)	Un C	emponent it - EDA's Covered Payroll (c)	Unit - EDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((a+b)/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
-	<u> </u>		_		ф.		ф.	` '	_			
	06/30/17	0.0009 %	\$	58,226	\$	732	\$	58,958	\$	49,760	118.5 %	75.9 %
	06/30/16	0.0008		62,206		812		63,018		48,745	127.6	68.9
	06/30/15	0.0010		50,843		-		50,843		58,690	86.6	78.2
	06/30/14	0.0011		52,590		-		52,590		58,731	89.5	78.7

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

City

	F	tatutorily Required	Rel S F	tributions in ation to the statutorily Required	Defic	ibution ciency	Go	Primary overnment's Covered	Contributions as a Percentage of	
Year Ending	Co	Contribution (a) *		Contribution (b) *		(Excess) (a-b)		Payroll (c) *	Covered Payroll (b/c)	
Litaling	-	(α)		(6)	(\alpha			(0)	(5/5)	
12/31/18	\$	314,972	\$	314,972	\$	-	\$	4,199,631	7.5 %	
12/31/17		303,233		303,233		-		4,042,123	7.5	
12/31/16		269,142		269,142		-		3,608,776	7.5	
12/31/15		263,996		263,996		-		3,519,946	7.5	

^{*} Excludes EDA activity reported at 6/30

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

PUC

Year Ending			Rel S F	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		component nit - PUC's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)	
12/31/18	\$	390,905	\$	390,905	\$	_	\$	5,212,064	7.5 %	
12/31/17		403,498		403,498		-		5,379,971	7.5	
12/31/16		372,980		372,980		-		4,973,067	7.5	
12/31/15		366,133		366,133		-		4,881,779	7.5	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

EDA

Year Ending	Re	atutorily equired atribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		Component Unit - EDA's Covered Payroll (c)		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
06/30/18	\$	4,861	\$	4,861	\$	-	\$	64,813	7.5 %
06/30/17		3,732		3,732		-		49,760	7.5
06/30/16		4,421		4,421		-		58,947	7.5
06/30/15		4,255		4,255		-		58,690	7.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund

Changes in actuarial assumptions

- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in plan provisions

- 2017 The State's special funding contribution increased from \$6 million to \$16 million.
- 2015 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA net Pension Liability - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Fiscal Year Ending	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (a)	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City (b)	Total (a+b)	City's Covered Payroll (c)	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((a+b)/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
06/30/18	0.1725 %	\$ 1,838,672	\$ -	\$ 1,838,672	\$ 1,817,727	101.2 %	88.8 %
06/30/17 06/30/16 06/30/15	0.1690 0.1730 0.1700	2,281,701 6,942,791 1,931,598	- - -	2,281,701 6,942,791 1,931,598	1,736,069 1,664,857 1,527,767	131.4 417.0 126.4	85.4 63.9 86.6

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

		Rela	tributions in ation to the	_				
	tatutorily Required		tatutorily Required		ibution ciency	City's Covered	Contributions a Percentage	
Year	ntribution		ntribution		cess)	Payroll	Covered Pay	
Ending	 (a)		(b)	(a-b)		(c)	(b/c)	
12/31/18	\$ 295,210	\$	295,210	\$	-	\$ 1,822,284	16.2	%
12/31/17	289,480		289,480		-	1,786,912	16.2	
12/31/16	274,764		274,764		-	1,696,077	16.2	
12/31/15	260,582		260,582		-	1,608,531	16.2	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Changes in actuarial assumptions

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017. As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in plan provisions

2015 - The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 63,733	\$ 58,047	\$ 65,792	\$ 62,284
Interest	135,398	139,590	132,000	124,754
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	117,530	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(27,341)	-	(151,303)	-
Changes of assumptions	66,804	41,094	(19,793)	(21,961)
Benefit payments	(280,410)	(62,305)	(129,632)	(262,579)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(41,816)	176,426	14,594	(97,502)
Total Pension Liability - January 1	2,010,732	1,834,306	1,819,712	1,917,214
Total Pension Liability - December 31 (A)	\$ 1,968,916	\$ 2,010,732	\$ 1,834,306	\$ 1,819,712
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Municipal contributions	137,103	133,557	125,286	142,880
Projected investment return	(122,742)	462,875	203,866	10,372
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(280,410)	(62,305)	(129,632)	(262,579)
Administrative expenses	(16,468)	(18,693)	(13,143)	(17,929)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(282,517)	515,434	186,377	(127,256)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - January 1	2,876,138	2,360,704	2,174,327	2,301,583
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - December 31 (B)	\$ 2,593,621	\$ 2,876,138	\$ 2,360,704	\$ 2,174,327
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - December 31 (A-B)	\$ (624,705)	\$ (865,406)	\$ (526,398)	\$ (354,615)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (B/A)	131.73%	143.04%	128.70%	119.49%
Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Fire Relief Association

Changes in actuarial assumptions

- 2018 Mortality, termination, and disability rates were changed to those used in the most recent Minnesota PERA Police & Fire Plan actuarial valuation. The expected investment return and discount rate decreased from 7.00% to 6.50% to reflect updated capital market assumptions. The inflation assumption was updated from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- 2017 The expected investment return and discount rate decreased from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent to reflect updated capital market assumptions.
- 2016 Expected investment return and discount rate were updated from 7.25 percent to 7.50 percent to reflect updated capital market models and investment expenses.

Changes in plan provisions

2016 - Lump sum benefit amounts were updated to \$4,250, \$4,375 and \$4,500 effective in 2017, 2018 and 2019, respectively. The monthly pension was increased from \$24.50 to \$25.50.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Schedule of Employer's Fire Relief Association Contributions

	Required Supplementary Information							
	Actu		Actual	Contribution				
	Deter	Determined Contribution			Deficiency (Excess)			
Year	Contr							
Ending	(a)		(b)	(a-b)			
12/31/18	\$	137,103	\$	149,103	\$	(12,000)		
12/31/17	•	133,557	·	134,557		(1,000)		
12/31/16		125,286		126,286		(1,000)		
12/31/15		142,880		140,895		1,985		

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

City		2018			
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	75,603			
Interest		20,399			
Changes in assumptions		3,649			
Benefit payments		(3,587)			
Net change in total OPEB liability		96,064			
Total OPEB liability - beginning		461,598			
3					
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	557,662			
Covered - employee payroll	\$	5,289,106			
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		10.54 %			

Benefit changes:

In 2018, the following benefit changes occurred: No changes.

Changes in assumptions:

In 2018, the following assumptions changes: No changes.

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

PUC		2018			
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	35,278			
Interest		23,487			
Changes in assumptions		19,883			
Benefit payments		(45,268)			
Net change in total OPEB liability		33,380			
Total OPEB liability - beginning		603,810			
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	637,190			
Covered - employee payroll	\$	5,591,440			
PUC's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		11.40 %			

Benefit changes:

In 2018, the following benefit changes occurred: No changes.

Changes in assumptions:

In 2018, the following assumptions changes: No changes.

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

	Special Debt Capit		lonmajor Capital Projects	l Nonmajor		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
Assets Cash and investments	Φ	2 505 604	Ф	154 661	ď	005 100	¢.	E62 09E	¢.	4 129 460
Receivables	\$	2,585,691	\$	154,661	\$	825,123	\$	562,985	\$	4,128,460
Delinquent taxes		25,399								25,399
Accounts		5,259		_		_		_		5,259
Notes, net of allowance		601,447		_		_		_		601,447
Special assessments		-		175,578		_		_		175,578
Intergovernmental		_		173,376		15,986		_		15,986
Advances to other funds		156,631		_		-		_		156,631
Prepaid items		2,706						<u>-</u>		2,706
Total Assets	\$	3,377,133	\$	330,239	\$	841,109	\$	562,985	\$	5,111,466
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	61,861	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	61,861
Retainage payable	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	31,522	Ψ	_	•	31,522
Due to other governments		291		_		-		-		291
Accrued salaries payable		21,198		-		_		-		21,198
Advances from other funds		156,631		-		-		-		156,631
Total Liabilities		239,981		-		31,522		-		271,503
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue										
Taxes		25,399		-		-		-		25,399
Special assessments		-		175,578		-				175,578
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		25,399		175,578						200,977
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items		2,706		-		-		<u>-</u>		2,706
Perpetual care		-		-		-		562,985		562,985
Restricted		0.000								0.000
Library programs		6,238		-		-		-		6,238
Economic development		2,150,235		-		-		-		2,150,235
Maintain parking areas		492,843		-		-		-		492,843
TIF activities		67,064		154661		-		-		67,064
Debt service Capital improvements		-		154,661		192,099		-		154,661 192,099
Capital Improvements Committed		-		-		192,099		-		192,099
Capital improvements		-		-		901,148		-		901,148
Library services		20,821		-		-		-		20,821
Library programs		71,541		-		-		-		71,541
Fire fighting		9,314		-		-		-		9,314
Assigned for										
DARE program		60,444		-		-		-		60,444
Library services		379,188		-		-		-		379,188
Library programs		15,480		-		-		-		15,480
Fire fighting		292		-		-		-		292
Unassigned		(164,413)				(283,660)				(448,073)
Total Fund Balances		3,111,753		154,661		809,587		562,985		4,638,986
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,377,133	\$	330,239	\$	841,109	\$	562,985	\$	5,111,466

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Revenues		Nonmajor Special Revenue		Nonmajor Debt Service		Nonmajor Capital Projects		onmajor ermanent		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
Taxes										
General	\$	746,554	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	746,554
Delinquent	Ψ	8,007	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	8,007
Captured TIF		141,137		_		_		_		141,137
Mobile home		1,747		_		_		_		1,747
				-		_		-		
Special service district		33,599		-		-		-		33,599
Penalties and interest		1,251		-		-		-		1,251
Intergovernmental State										
Other aid		6,354		-		15,455		-		21,809
County										
Library aid		15,526		-		-		-		15,526
Local:										
Other		1,800		-		-		-		1,800
Charges for services										
Public safety		7,560		-		_		_		7,560
Culture and recreation		10,905		_		_		_		10,905
Miscellaneous		26,980		_		_		_		26,980
Fines and forfeitures		20,509		_		_		_		20,509
Special assessments		20,000		57,062		_		_		57,062
Investment earnings (loss)		65,540		2,090		36,395		(2,168)		101,857
Miscellaneous		05,540		2,090		30,393		(2,100)		101,037
		9.064								0.064
Donations		8,964		-		-		-		8,964
Other		4,521						22,188		26,709
Total Revenues		1,100,954		59,152		51,850		20,020		1,231,976
Expenditures Current Public safety Fire		12,220		_		_		_		12,220
Culture and recreation		12,220								12,220
Library		766,394		_		_		_		766,394
Economic development		24,928		_		_		_		24,928
Miscellaneous		24,520								24,520
Other		233,060						2,039		235,099
		233,000		_		_		2,000		255,099
Capital outlay Streets and highways						141,636				141,636
		125,147		-		141,030		-		
Economic development Debt service		125,147		-		-		-		125,147
		40.004		F 000 000						F 400 004
Principal		43,894		5,390,000		-		-		5,433,894
Interest		16,782		333,387		- 444.000				350,169
Total Expenditures		1,222,425		5,723,387		141,636		2,039		7,089,487
5 (D.C.) (D										
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				(=·		()				/ · · ·
Over (Under) Expenditures		(121,471)		(5,664,235)		(89,786)		17,981		(5,857,511)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		-		5,723,387		-		-		5,723,387
Transfers out		(90,808)		<u>-</u>		(595,690)		<u>-</u>		(686,498)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(90,808)		5,723,387		(595,690)		-		5,036,889
Net Change in Fund Balances		(212,279)		59,152		(685,476)		17,981		(820,622)
Fund Balances, January 1	1	3,324,032		95,509		1,495,063		545,004		5,459,608
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	3,111,753	\$	154,661	\$	809,587	\$	562,985	\$	4,638,986

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues from specific sources. They are usually required by statute, ordinance or administrative action or finance particular activities of government.

Park and Recreation Fund - a major fund which accounts for the activities associated with maintaining the City's parks and for the operation of various recreation programs.

The Sales Tax Revenue Fund - a major fund which was established to record sales, use and excise tax revenues and transfers to Bond Sinking and Bond Interest Funds for debt service associated with General Obligation Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 and 2002, and for capital projects related to the sales tax referendum projects.

Economic Development Loan Program Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for funds dedicated to providing financial assistance to businesses for economic development within the City.

The TIF District Funds are nonmajor funds which were established to account for project improvements and captured property tax increments received that are associated with various Tax Increment Districts and the debt service relating to such Districts. The Tax Increment Districts are as follows:

- ◆ TIF RD-9 Eagle Dvlp
- TIF H-2 Ridgeway on German #1
- TIF H-5 Milford Heights #1
- TIF H-7 Winkleman #3
- TIF H-8 Doneff
- TIF H-9 Middle School

Community Development Block Grant Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for funds dedicated to providing financial assistance to a business for economic development within the City.

Library Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for the operation of a City library.

Library Board Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for donations and memorials to the library to be used at the discretion of the library Board to supplement library appropriations.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Parking Meter Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for activities associated with the special tax district for downtown parking and the City's parking lots.

State MIF Grant Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for funds loaned to businesses under the State MIF grant program.

Rehabilitation Loan Program Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for funds loaned to residents for rehabilitation of their property.

Character Counts Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for donations received for the operation of "Drug Abuse Resistance Education" program at local schools through the police department.

Firefighters Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for firefighter expense reimbursement by truck company.

Small Cities Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for funds dedicated to providing financial assistance for business and individuals.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

	Economic Development Loan Program		TIF Districts		Community Development Block Grant		Library			_ibrary Board
Assets	¢.	746 004	¢	444.050	Ф	404 000	Φ	400.000	¢.	02.250
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	716,081	\$	111,052	\$	421,286	\$	429,002	\$	93,259
Delinquent taxes		_		_		_		6,571		_
Accounts		_		_		_		344		_
Notes, net of allowance		230,756		_		18,705		-		_
Advances to other funds		156,631		_		-		_		_
Prepaid items		-						2,293		413
Total Assets	\$	1,103,468	\$	111,052	\$	439,991	\$	438,210	\$	93,672
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	51,770	\$	-	\$	9,970	\$	-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued salaries payable		-		-		-		19,367		-
Advances from other funds				156,631				-		
Total Liabilities				208,401				29,337		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue										
Taxes		-		-				6,571		
Fund Balances Nonspendable Prepaid items		-		-		-		2,293		413
Restricted										0.000
Library programs Economic development		- 1,103,468		-		- 439,991		-		6,238
Maintain parking areas		1,103,406		-		439,991		-		-
TIF activities		_		67,064		_		_		_
Committed				01,001						
Library services		-		-		-		20,821		-
Library programs		-		-		-		-		71,541
Fire fighting		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned										
DARE program		-		-		-		-		-
Library services		-		-		-		379,188		-
Library programs		-		-		-		-		15,480
Fire fighting		-		- (404 440)		-		-		-
Unassigned		4 400 400		(164,413)		400,004		400.000		- 00.670
Total Fund Balances		1,103,468		(97,349)		439,991		402,302		93,672
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,103,468	\$	111,052	\$	439,991	\$	438,210	\$	93,672

 Parking Meter	State MIF Grant		Rehabilitation Loan Program		Character Counts Firefighters		Small Cities	Total Nonmajor	
\$ 491,212	\$ -	\$	204,762	\$	60,444	\$	8,565	\$ 50,028	\$ 2,585,691
18,828 3,790 - - -	- - - - -		- - 351,986 - -		- - - - -		- 1,125 - - -	- - - - -	 25,399 5,259 601,447 156,631 2,706
\$ 513,830	\$ 	\$	556,748	\$	60,444	\$	9,690	\$ 50,028	\$ 3,377,133
\$ 37 291 1,831 - 2,159	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	84 - - - 84	\$ - - -	\$ 61,861 291 21,198 156,631 239,981
18,828					-			-	25,399
-	-		-		-		-	-	2,706
- - 492,843 -	- - -		556,748 - -		- - -		- - -	50,028 - -	6,238 2,150,235 492,843 67,064
- - -	-		- - -		- - -		- - 9,314	- - -	20,821 71,541 9,314
- - - -	- - -				60,444 - - -		- - - 292	- - - -	60,444 379,188 15,480 292 (164,413)
492,843	-		556,748		60,444		9,606	50,028	3,111,753
\$ 513,830	\$ 	\$	556,748	\$	60,444	\$	9,690	\$ 50,028	\$ 3,377,133

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Economic Development Loan Program	TIF Districts	Community Development Block Grant	Library	Library Board
Revenues					
Taxes					
General	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 746,554	\$ -
Delinquent	-	-	-	3,775	-
Captured TIF	-	141,137	-	-	-
Mobile home	-	-	-	1,747	-
Special service district	-	-	-	-	-
Penalties and interest	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental					
State					
Other aid	-	-	-	6,243	-
County					
Library aid	-	-	-	15,526	-
Local					
Other	-	-	-	1,800	-
Charges for services				•	
Public safety	_	_	_	_	-
Culture and recreation	_	-	-	10,905	-
Miscellaneous	_	_	_	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	_	6,723	_
Investment earnings	32,663	1,606	6,415	3,310	1,335
Miscellaneous	02,000	1,000	0,110	0,010	1,000
Donations	_	_	_	1	8,963
Other	_	3,435	_	1,086	-
Total Revenues	32,663	146,178	6,415	797,670	10,298
rotal Nevenues	32,003	140,170	0,413	131,010	10,230
Expenditures Current Public safety					
Fire	-	-	-	_	-
Culture and recreation					
Library	_	_	_	759,286	7,108
Economic development	2,410	_	_	-	-,
Miscellaneous	_,				
Other	_	160,676	_	_	_
Capital outlay		.00,0.0			
Economic development	125,147	_			
Debt service	120,147				
Principal	_	43,894	_	_	_
Interest	_	16,782	_	_	_
Total Expenditures	127,557	221,352		759,286	7,108
rotal Exponditures	127,007	221,002		100,200	7,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(94,894)	(75,174)	6,415	38,384	3,190
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(94,894)	(75,174)	6,415	38,384	3,190
Fund Balances, January 1	1,198,362	(22,175)	433,576	363,918	90,482
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 1,103,468	\$ (97,349)	\$ 439,991	\$ 402,302	\$ 93,672

Parking Meter	State MIF Grant		<u>Grant</u>		L	bilitation oan ogram	haracter Counts	Fi	refighters	Small Cities	1	Total Nonmajor
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	746,554		
4,232		-		-	-		-	-		8,007		
-		-		-	-		-	-		141,137		
- 33,599		-		-	-		-	-		1,747		
33,599 1,251		-		-	-		-	-		33,599 1,251		
1,231		_		_	-		-	_		1,201		
111		-		-	-		-	-		6,354		
-		-		-	-		-	-		15,526		
-		-		-	-		-	-		1,800		
_		_		_	_		7,560	_		7,560		
-		_		-	-		- ,000	-		10,905		
26,980		-		-	-		-	-		26,980		
13,786		-		-	-		-	-		20,509		
6,898		1,824		9,987	584		191	727		65,540		
-		-		_	-		-	-		8,964		
-		-		-	-		-	-		4,521		
 86,857		1,824		9,987	 584		7,751	 727		1,100,954		
-		-		-	-		12,220	-		12,220		
										700 004		
-		- 22,518		-	-		-	-		766,394 24,928		
-		22,310		_	_		_	_		24,920		
72,384		-		-	-		-	-		233,060		
										125,147		
- -				-	-		-	-		43,894 16,782		
 72,384		22,518		-	-		12,220			1,222,425		
		<u> </u>								· · ·		
14,473		(20,694)		9,987	584		(4,469)	727		(121,471)		
		(90,808)			_		_			(90,808)		
14,473		(111,502)		9,987	584		(4,469)	727		(212,279)		
 478,370		111,502		546,761	 59,860		14,075	 49,301		3,324,032		
\$ 492,843	\$		\$	556,748	\$ 60,444	\$	9,606	\$ 50,028	\$	3,111,753		

Library Special Revenue Fund

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	2018									2017	
		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Actual	Variance with		Actual		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fina	al Budget		mounts	
Revenues											
Taxes											
General	\$	749,711	\$	749,711	\$	746,554	\$	(3,157)	\$	750,447	
Delinquent		-		-		3,775		3,775		5,339	
Mobile home		-		-		1,747		1,747		1,677	
Intergovernmental											
State											
Other aid		1,150		1,150		6,243		5,093		1,154	
County		14,800		14,800		15,526		726		14,800	
Local		-		-		1,800		1,800		-	
Charges for services		11,150		11,150		10,905		(245)		12,328	
Fines and forfeitures		10,000		10,000		6,723		(3,277)		9,306	
Investment earnings		2,700		2,700		3,310		610		2,271	
Miscellaneous											
Donations		-		-		1		1		-	
Other		1,000		1,000		1,086		86		957	
Total Revenues		790,511		790,511		797,670		7,159		798,279	
Expenditures											
Current											
Culture and recreation											
Personal services		619,574		619,574		560,774		58,800		589,056	
Supplies		65,750		65,750		68,943		(3,193)		73,064	
Contractual services		53,787		55,435		75,515		(20,080)		50,102	
Other services and charges		51,400		51,400		54,054		(2,654)		48,114	
Total Current		790,511		792,159		759,286		32,873		760,336	
Capital outlay											
Culture and recreation		10,000		10,000				10,000			
Total Expenditures		800,511		802,159		759,286		42,873		760,336	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(10,000)		(11,648)		38,384		50,032		37,943	
Fund Balances, January 1		363,918		363,918		363,918				325,975	
Fund Balance, December 31	\$	353,918	\$	352,270	\$	402,302	\$	50,032	\$	363,918	

Parking Meter Special Revenue Fund

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended December 31, 2017)

	2018								
	 Budgeted	l Amou			Actual	Variance with			Actual
	 Original		Final		Amounts	Fina	al Budget		mounts
Revenues									
Taxes									
Delinquent	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,232	\$	4,232	\$	45
Special service district	40,000		40,000		33,599		(6,401)		33,705
Penalties and interest	-		-		1,251		1,251		100
Intergovernmental									
State									
Other aid	135		135		111		(24)		133
Charges for services	21,000		21,000		26,980		5,980		24,785
Fines and forfeitures	15,500		15,500		13,786		(1,714)		19,051
Investment earnings	 6,400		6,400		6,898		498		5,092
Total Revenues	 83,035		83,035		86,857		3,822		82,911
Expenditures									
Current									
Miscellaneous									
Personal services	58,755		58,755		50,238		8,517		52,180
Supplies	29,375		47,321		2,130		45,191		4,275
Contractual services	10,000		10,000		19,225		(9,225)		3,787
Other services and charges	3,850		3,850		791		3,059		673
Total Expenditures	101,980		119,926		72,384		47,542	-	60,915
Net Change in Fund Balances	(18,945)		(36,891)		14,473		51,364		21,996
Fund Balances, January 1	 478,370		478,370		478,370				456,374
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 459,425	\$	441,479	\$	492,843	\$	51,364	\$	478,370

Park and Recreation Special Revenue Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			2017				
	 Budgeted	d Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with		 Actual
	Original		Final	Amounts	Fina	al Budget	Amounts
Revenues							
Taxes							
General	\$ 1,096,106	\$	1,096,106	\$ 1,091,467	\$	(4,639)	\$ 888,639
Delinquent	-		-	4,327		4,327	5,791
Mobile home	-		-	2,438		2,438	1,971
Payment in lieu of taxes	498,534		498,534	504,085		5,551	460,469
Intergovernmental							
State							
Local governmental aid	1,107,223		1,107,223	1,107,223		-	972,561
Other aid	2,725		2,725	2,910		185	2,728
Charges for services	1,031,400		1,031,400	1,032,420		1,020	1,031,738
Investment earnings	11,900		11,900	8,184		(3,716)	12,272
Miscellaneous						,	
Donations	10,000		10,000	55,485		45,485	17,738
Other	10,800		10,800	66,853		56,053	39,928
Total Revenues	3,768,688		3,768,688	3,875,392		106,704	3,433,835
Evponditures							
Expenditures Current							
Culture and recreation							
Administration							
Personal services	376,842		376,842	404,813		(27,971)	358,203
Supplies	6,800		6,800	3,024		3,776	3,914
Contractual services	37,630		37,630	27,431		10.199	26,948
	•		•	•		-,	
Other services and charges Total	40,131 461,403		40,131 461,403	 49,359 484,627		(9,228)	 39,197 428,262
Total	 461,403		401,403	 404,027		(23,224)	420,202
Park							
Personal services	524,116		524,116	554,763		(30,647)	510,854
Supplies	126,500		126,500	118,703		7,797	157,081
Contractual services	206,311		226,531	377,062		(150,531)	291,401
Other services and charges	 88,200		88,200	72,539		15,661	83,080
Total	 945,127		965,347	 1,123,067		(157,720)	1,042,416
Outdoor pool							
Personal services	26,255		26,255	21,465		4,790	25,924
Supplies	8,500		8,500	7,807		693	7,287
Contractual services	10,550		10,550	1,265		9,285	10,471
Other services and charges	5,900		5,900	8,589		(2,689)	7,405
Total	 51,205		51,205	39,126		12,079	51,087

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Park and Recreation Special Revenue Fund

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	2018									2017	
		Budgeted	Amo	unts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget		Actual Amounts	
Expenditures (Continued) Current (continued) Culture and recreation (continued) Recreation center											
Personal services	\$	613,192	\$	613,192	\$	559,920	\$	53,272	\$	585,578	
Supplies		123,800		123,800		107,754		16,046		113,798	
Contractual services		99,789		99,789		50,070		49,719		175,215	
Other services and charges		215,300		215,300		201,990		13,310		202,230	
Total		1,052,081		1,052,081		919,734		132,347		1,076,821	
Civic center											
Personal services		164,411		164,411		165,057		(646)		167,253	
Supplies		57,500		57,500		40,806		16,694		65,256	
Contractual services		68,402		68,402		72,417		(4,015)		115,664	
Other services and charges		260,400		260,400		277,202		(16,802)		283,903	
Total		550,713		550,713		555,482		(4,769)		632,076	
Community center											
Personal services		92,926		92,926		93,614		(688)		95,997	
Supplies		20,000		20,000		16,085		3,915		17,806	
Contractual services		24,302		24,302		27,353		(3,051)		38,285	
Other services and charges		36,150		36,150		33,081		3,069		33,665	
Total		173,378		173,378		170,133		3,245		185,753	
Total Current		3,233,907		3,254,127		3,292,169		(38,042)		3,416,415	
Capital outlay											
Culture and recreation											
Park		570,863		817,254		368,023		449,231		740,643	
Recreation center		31,000		31,000		25,349		5,651		10,651	
Civic center		6,000		24,748		47,159		(22,411)		17,368	
Community center				-						14,763	
Total Capital Outlay		607,863		873,002		440,531		432,471		783,425	
Total Expenditures		3,841,770		4,127,129		3,732,700		394,429		4,199,840	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(73,082)		(358,441)		142,692		501,133		(766,005)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		<u>-</u> ,				15,741		15,741			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(73,082)		(358,441)		158,433		516,874		(766,005)	
Fund Balances, January 1		591,491		591,491		591,491				1,357,496	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	518,409	\$	233,050	\$	749,924	\$	516,874	\$	591,491	

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DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service funds are used to account for the payment of principal and interest on various types of general obligation and special assessment debt excluding those payable from proprietary funds.

The Bond Sinking Fund is a major fund which was established to account for special assessments and tax levies used to retire G.O. Bonds issued in accordance with Minnesota statutes section 429.

The G.O. Improvement Bonds Debt Service Funds are nonmajor funds which were established to record transfers from the Bond Sinking Fund for debt service associated with General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2009 through 2017.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

	2009C G.O. Sales Tax Refunding Bonds		2013 G.O. PIRF Fund	2011 G.O. PIRF Bonds		201 G.O. F Bon	PIRF
Assets	•		•	Φ.		•	
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Special assessments							
Delinquent							
Total Assets	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue							
Special assessments	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	
Fund Balances							
Restricted							
Debt service							
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	

20 ⁻ G.O. Bor	PIRF G.O. PIRF		G	2016 .O. PIRF Bonds	G.O.	17 PIRF nds	Total Nonmajor		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	154,661	\$	-	\$	154,661
					175,578			\$	175,578
\$		\$		\$	330,239	\$		\$	330,239
\$		\$	_	\$	175,578	\$		\$	175,578
	_		_		154,661				154,661
\$		\$		\$	330,239	\$		\$	330,239

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	2009C G.O. Sales Tax Refunding Bonds	2013 G.O. PIRF Fund	2011 G.O. PIRF Bonds	2012 G.O. PIRF Bonds
Revenues Special assessments Investment earnings Total Revenues	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Expenditures Debt service				
Principal	2,030,000	285,000	1,000,000	330,000
Interest	57,625	29,470	25,042	18,028
Total Expenditures	2,087,625	314,470	1,025,042	348,028
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,087,625)	(314,470)	(1,025,042)	(348,028)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	2,087,625	314,470	1,025,042	348,028
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances, January 1				
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

2014 G.O. PIRF Bonds	G.O. PIRF G.O. PIRF		G	2016 .O. PIRF Bonds	2017 O. PIRF Bonds	Total Nonmajor		
\$ -	\$ 	\$ - - -		\$ - \$ 57,062 \$ - - 2,090 - - 59,152 -		\$	57,062 2,090 59,152	
215,000 33,850 248,850		310,000 55,938 365,938		765,000 39,225 804,225	 455,000 74,209 529,209		5,390,000 333,387 5,723,387	
(248,850)	(365,938)		(745,073)	(529,209)		(5,664,235)	
248,850	<u> </u>	365,938		804,225	529,209		5,723,387	
-		-		59,152	-		59,152	
				95,509			95,509	
\$ -	\$		\$	154,661	\$ 	\$	154,661	

Debt Service Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Bond Sinking Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Bond Sinking Original Final Variance with Actual Budget **Budget Amounts** Final Budget Revenues Taxes General \$ 2,050,513 \$ 2,050,513 2,041,851 \$ (8,662)Delinquent 11,678 11,678 Mobile home 4,920 4,920 930,000 930,000 Special assessments 1,170,672 240,672 Investment earnings 60,208 44,808 15,400 15,400 2,995,913 **Total Revenues** 2,995,913 3,289,329 293,416 Expenditures Debt service 2,500 2,500 3,064 (564)Bond issuance costs and fees Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 2,993,413 2,993,413 3,286,265 292,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out (2,850,870)(2,850,870)(3,635,762)(784,892)Net Change in Fund Balances 142,543 142,543 (349,497)(492,040)Fund Balances, January 1 2,178,688 2,178,688 2,178,688 (492,040)Fund Balances, December 31 2,321,231 \$ 2,321,231 1,829,191 \$

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects funds are funds which account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Sales Tax Referendum Fund - a major fund which accounts for funds to be used for various capital improvements to be repaid with pledged revenues generated by the sales tax imposed by the City.

Capital Improvement Fund - a major fund which accounts for funds to be used to acquire or replace buildings, equipment or other improvements for City operations.

2018 Bonds Fund - a major fund which accounts for costs associated with projects that will be financed through the issuance of G.O. improvement Bonds, Series 2018.

Airport Runway Extension Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for costs to be used for the construction of the runway extension at the airport.

Airport Primary Runway Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for costs to be used for the construction of the primary runway at the airport.

2014 Bonds Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for costs associated with projects financed through the issuance of G.O. improvement Bonds, Series 2014.

2016 Bonds Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for costs associated with projects financed through the issuance of G.O. improvement Bonds, Series 2016.

2017 Bonds Fund - a nonmajor fund which accounts for costs associated with projects financed through the issuance of G.O. improvement Bonds, Series 2017.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Balance Sheets December 31, 2018

		Airport Runway Extension		Airport Primary Runway		2014 Bonds		2016 Bonds		2017 Bonds		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects	
Assets													
Cash and investments	\$	(283,660)	\$	192,099	\$	-	\$	-	\$	916,684	\$	825,123	
Receivables													
Intergovernmental				-				-		15,986		15,986	
Total Assets	\$	(283,660)	\$	192,099	\$	-	\$		\$	932,670	\$	841,109	
Liabilities													
Retainage payable	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	31,522	\$	31,522	
Fund balances													
Restricted													
Capital improvements Committed		-		192,099		-		-		-		192,099	
Capital improvements		-		=		-		=		901,148		901,148	
Unassigned		(283,660)		-		_		-				(283,660)	
Total Fund Balances		(283,660)		192,099		-		<u> </u>		901,148		809,587	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	(283,660)	\$	192,099	\$		\$		\$	932,670	\$	841,109	

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Airport Runway Extension	Airport Primary Runway	2014 Bonds	2016 Bonds	2017 Bonds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	•	•		Φ 0.040	•	Φ 45.455	
Other State aids	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,143	\$ 3,312	\$ -	\$ 15,455	
Investment earnings (loss)	(5,245)	7,148	8,015	6,779	19,698	36,395	
Total Revenues	(5,245)	7,148	20,158	10,091	19,698	51,850	
Expenditures Capital outlay Streets and highways	-	_	_	23,194	118,442	141,636	
555 agg,							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,245)	7,148	20,158	(13,103)	(98,744)	(89,786)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out			(341,284)	(254,406)		(595,690)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,245)	7,148	(321,126)	(267,509)	(98,744)	(685,476)	
Fund Balances, January 1	(278,415)	184,951	321,126	267,509	999,892	1,495,063	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ (283,660)	\$ 192,099	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 901,148	\$ 809,587	

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PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are nonmajor funds which are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Cemetery Trust Permanent Fund - accounts for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to maintain the City cemetery.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Cemetery Trust Permanent Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017		
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 562,985	\$	545,004	
Fund Balances Nonspendable Perpetual care	\$ 562,985	\$	545,004	

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Cemetery Trust Permanent Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018			2017
Revenues				
Investment earnings (loss)	\$	(2,168)	\$	(2,044)
Miscellaneous				
Other		22,188		14,025
Total Revenues		20,020		11,981
Expenditures Miscellaneous		2,039		
Net Change in Fund Balances		17,981		11,981
Fund Balances, January 1		545,004		533,023
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	562,985	\$	545,004

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THE GENERAL FUND

The General fund is a major fund which was established to account for the revenue and expenditures to carry out basic governmental activities of the City such as general government, public safety and public works. Revenue is recorded by source; such as property taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, charges for services and state-shared taxes. General fund expenditures are made primarily for current day-to-day operations and are recorded by functional classifications and by operating departments. This fund accounts for all financial transactions not properly accounted for in another fund.

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City of New Ulm, Minnesota General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Assets Cash and investments	\$	6,314,576	\$	5,744,897
Receivables	Φ	0,314,570	Φ	5,744,697
Interest		275,640		187,528
Delinquent taxes		24,886		44,312
Accounts		91,873		313,682
Special assessments		153,975		169,960
Intergovernmental		273,576		1,027,827
Prepaid items		30,120		31,394
Total Assets	\$	7,164,646	\$	7,519,600
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	146,458	\$	213,996
Due to other funds		410		1,926
Accrued salaries payable		229,863		199,664
Deposits payable		27,625		23,125
Unearned revenue		13,956		15,725
Total Liabilities		418,312		454,436
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue				
Taxes		24,886		44,312
Special assessments		153,975		169,960
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		178,861		214,272
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid items		30,120		31,394
Assigned				
Subsequent year budgeted deficit		192,500		18,057
Unassigned		6,344,853		6,801,441
Total Fund Balances		6,567,473		6,850,892
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	7,164,646	\$	7,519,600

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City of New Ulm, Minnesota General Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	2018								2017		
		Budgeted	d Amo			Actual		ance with		Actual	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fina	al Budget		Amounts	
Revenues											
Taxes	_		_		_			()	_		
General	\$	3,193,263	\$	3,193,263	\$	3,184,664	\$	(8,599)	\$	2,805,170	
Delinquent		-		-		13,887		13,887		21,247	
Mobile home						7,248		7,248		6,291	
Franchise		250,000		250,000		218,520		(31,480)		278,807	
Hotel/motel		130,000		130,000		128,840		(1,160)		142,122	
Payment in lieu of taxes		1,452,366		1,452,366		1,468,851		16,485		1,449,004	
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes		-		-		2,319		2,319		2,318	
Total Taxes		5,025,629		5,025,629		5,024,329		(1,300)		4,704,959	
Special assessments		29,300		29,300		21,137		(8,163)		36,062	
Licenses and permits											
Business		67,000		67,000		72,786		5,786		69,616	
Nonbusiness		182,000		182,000		185,116		3,116		189,410	
Total Licenses and Permits		249,000		249,000		257,902		8,902		259,026	
Intergovernmental Federal											
Airport improvement grant State		288,000		288,000		53,762		(234,238)		67,013	
Local government aid		3,225,645		3,225,645		3,202,491		(23,154)		3,060,509	
Property tax credits and aids		0,220,040		-		423		423		221	
Police amortization aid		162,000		162,000		191,402		29,402		184,741	
Fire aid		93,200		93,200		94,258		1,058		94,035	
Street maintenance aid		25,000		25,000		27,015		2,015		27,015	
Other aid		228,785		228,785		45,422		(183,363)		164,054	
County						.0,		(.00,000)		,	
Highways		10,000		10,000		13,251		3,251		10,889	
Local		10,000		10,000		10,201		0,201		10,000	
Other local		_		_		36,000		36,000		2,864	
Total Intergovernmental		4,032,630		4,032,630		3,664,024		(368,606)		3,611,341	
Charges for services											
General government		102,600		102,600		104,684		2,084		79,139	
Public safety		122,349		122,349		137,330		14,981		130,474	
Public works		316,122		316,122		2,707		(313,415)		16,487	
Miscellaneous		127,408		127,408		189,100		61,692		164,145	
Charges to other funds		487,702		487,702		528,616		40,914		486,017	
Total Charges For Services		1,156,181		1,156,181		962,437		(193,744)		876,262	
Fines and forfeitures											
Court fines and forfeitures		70,700		70,700		65,086		(5,614)		96,305	
Investment earnings		69,330	•	69,330		87,822		18,492		80,424	
3		55,555		00,000		01,022		10,102		50,727	
Miscellaneous		500		500				(500)		4.000	
Donations		500		500		-		(500)		4,300	
Other		66,180		66,180		21,367		(44,813)		48,190	
Total Miscellaneous		66,680		66,680		21,367		(45,313)		52,490	
Total Revenues		10,699,450		10,699,450		10,104,104		(595,346)		9,716,869	

General Fund

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	2018								2017		
		Budgeted	d Amo								
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		riance with nal Budget		Actual Amounts	
Expenditures		Original		T III CI		7 tillourito		idi Baagot		7 tillourito	
Current											
General government											
Personal services	\$	1,111,463	\$	1,114,663	\$	1,190,619	\$	(75,956)	\$	1,046,269	
Supplies		33,550		33,550		51,344		(17,794)		49,089	
Contractual services		516,033		516,033		545,049		(29,016)		349,003	
Insurance		219,600		219,600		221,492		(1,892)		211,295	
Other services and charges		431,367		439,165		446,299		(7,134)		462,655	
Total general government		2,312,013		2,323,011		2,454,803		(131,792)		2,118,311	
Public safety											
Fire											
Personal services		396,835		396,835		402,123		(5,288)		360,867	
Supplies		36,000		39,334		58,526		(19,192)		29,845	
Contractual services		41,424		41,424		37,147		4,277		39,529	
Other services and charges		49,550		49,550		58,922		(9,372)		65,781	
Total fire		523,809		527,143		556,718		(29,575)		496,022	
Police											
Personal services		2,693,341		2,693,341		2,644,016		49,325		2,572,922	
Supplies		160,500		160,500		92,989		67,511		98,580	
Contractual services		37,302		37,302		32,179		5,123		52,696	
						•		•		•	
Other services and charges Total police		152,204 3,043,347		152,204 3,043,347	-	155,670 2,924,854		(3,466) 118,493		187,688 2,911,886	
				0.550.400				00.040			
Total public safety		3,567,156		3,570,490		3,481,572		88,918		3,407,908	
Streets and highways											
Personal services		1,178,913		1,178,913		1,166,068		12,845		1,107,344	
Supplies		586,500		586,500		558,247		28,253		547,242	
Contractual services		748,463		748,463		741,057		7,406		690,962	
Other services and charges		317,262		317,262		16,607		300,655		13,677	
Total streets and highways		2,831,138		2,831,138		2,481,979		349,159		2,359,225	
Sanitation and waste removal											
Personal services		105,148		105,148		95,104		10.044		110,125	
Supplies		15,950		15,950		2,114		13,836		741	
Contractual services		63,029		63,029		59,089		3,940		62,721	
Other services and charges		3,800		3,800		3,610		190		3,420	
Total sanitation and waste removal		187,927		187,927		159,917		28,010		177,007	
Miscellaneous											
Airport											
Personal services		5,655		5,655		4,635		1,020		5,026	
Supplies		1,500		1,500		104		1,396		123	
Contractual services		105,613		105,613		95,248		10,365		105,688	
Insurance		8,200		8,200		7,989		211		7,748	
				15,880							
Other services and charges Total airport		15,880 136,848		136,848		14,286 122,262		1,594 14,586		14,797 133,382	
Cemetery											
Personal services		187,118		187,118		176,085		11,033		175,172	
		12,670		12,670		8,174		4,496			
Supplies		•		•		•		-		8,205	
Contractual services		37,498		37,498 4,500		38,098		(600)		42,600	
Other services and charges		4,500		4,500		3,670		830 15.750		3,588	
Total cemetery		241,786		241,786		226,027		15,759		229,565	

General Fund

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			2017			
	Budg	eted Am)18		
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)						
Current (continued)						
Miscellaneous (continued)						
Engineering						
Personal services	\$ 710,91		710,918	\$ 707,197	\$ 3,721	\$ 686,409
Supplies	12,68		12,680	14,348	(1,668)	16,525
Contractual services	180,79		200,611	247,700	(47,089)	107,418
Other services and charges	20,20		20,200	19,526	674	19,046
Total engineering	924,59	95	944,409	988,771	(44,362)	829,398
Community access						
Personal services	172,93		172,934	178,448	(5,514)	123,430
Supplies	68,70	00	68,700	65,724	2,976	27,950
Other services and charges	21,38		21,380	13,930	7,450	18,821
Total community access	263,01	4	263,014	258,102	4,912	170,201
Total miscellaneous	1,566,24	3	1,586,057	1,595,162	(9,105)	1,362,546
Total current	10,464,47	7	10,498,623	10,173,433	325,190	9,424,997
Capital outlay						
General government		_	50,000	29,003	20,997	1,327,368
Public safety	72,00	00	72,000	110,871	(38,871)	274,208
Miscellaneous	181,00		497,848	94,734	403,114	30,373
Total capital outlay	253,00		619,848	234,608	385,240	1,631,949
Total Expenditures	10,717,47	7	11,118,471	10,408,041	710,430	11,056,946
5 (5 (1)) (5			_			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(18,02	77)	(419,021)	(303,937)	115,084	(1,340,077)
Over (Orider) Experioritares	(10,02		(419,021)	(303,937)	113,004	(1,540,077)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sales of capital assets		-	-	2,505	2,505	8,434
Transfers in		-	-	30,962	30,962	98,080
Transfers out		-	-	(12,949)	(12,949)	(156,718)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-	20,518	20,518	(50,204)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(18,02	27)	(419,021)	(283,419)	135,602	(1,390,281)
Fund Balances, January 1	6,850,89)2	6,850,892	6,850,892		8,241,173
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 6,832,86	<u> </u>	6,431,871	\$ 6,567,473	\$ 135,602	\$ 6,850,892

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department for other departments of the City/PUC on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Revolving Fund - accounts for the purchase and replacement of vehicles and equipment for general government functions.

Health Insurance Trust Fund - accounts for the collection from the City and its employees for health insurance premiums and the associated cost of the health insurance purchased and self-funding claims incurred.

Insurance Trust Fund - accounts for general liability and workers compensation claims incurred that are outside the City's insurance coverage.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

(With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2017)

	E	Health Equipment Insurance				Insurance	Totals				
	1	Revolving		Trust		Trust		2018		2017	
Assets						,					
Current Assets Cash and investments Receivables	\$	1,685,361	\$	884,009	\$	1,302,590	\$	3,871,960	\$	3,089,057	
Accounts		-		-		-		-		645	
Due from other funds		410		-		-		410		1,926	
Inventories		110,411		-		-		110,411		105,263	
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		233,985	
Total Current Assets		1,796,182		884,009		1,302,590		3,982,781		3,430,876	
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets											
Buildings and structures		1,816,748		-		-		1,816,748		1,816,748	
Machinery and equipment		5,727,856		-		-		5,727,856		5,500,872	
Accumulated depreciation		(4,996,649)				-		(4,996,649)		(4,743,642)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,547,955		-		-		2,547,955		2,573,978	
Total Assets		4,344,137		884,009		1,302,590		6,530,736		6,004,854	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred pension resources		22,108						22,108		26,536	
Liabilities											
Current Liabilities											
Accounts payable		9,249		971		405		10,625		6,909	
Accrued salaries payable		5,882		-				5.882		4,451	
Claims incurred but not paid				24,466		_		24,466		29,713	
Unearned revenue		_		239,721		_		239,721		242,158	
Total Current Liabilities		15,131		265,158		405	-	280,694		283,231	
Noncurrent liabilities											
Pension liability		99,448		_		_		99,448		107,838	
Total Liabilities		114,579		265,158		405		380,142		391,069	
		_									
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred pension resources		24,939						24,939		26,743	
Net Position											
Investment in capital assets		2,547,955		-		-		2,547,955		2,573,978	
Unrestricted		1,678,772		618,851		1,302,185		3,599,808		3,039,600	
Total Net Position	\$	4,226,727	\$	618,851	\$	1,302,185	\$	6,147,763	\$	5,613,578	

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2017)

	Health Equipment Insurance				Insurance	Totals				
		Revolving		Trust		Trust		2018		2017
Operating Revenues										
Charges for services	\$	1,064,644	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,064,644	\$	1,012,899
Pension revenue		761		-		-		761		39
Insurance premiums		=		3,098,215		-		3,098,215		2,956,187
Insurance refunds				12,188				12,188		11,035
Total Operating Revenues		1,065,405		3,110,403		<u> </u>		4,175,808		3,980,160
Operating Expenses										
Administrative and general		201,163		18,573		3,071		222,807		222,530
Insurance premiums		-		2,916,662		-		2,916,662		2,597,244
Self funded claims		-		184,469		2,090		186,559		353,981
Vehicle maintenance		278,194		-		-		278,194		213,578
Depreciation		390,643		-		=_		390,643		380,341
Total Operating Expenses		870,000		3,119,704		5,161		3,994,865		3,767,674
Operating Income (Loss)		195,405		(9,301)		(5,161)		180,943		212,486
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)										
State other aid		333		-		-		333		63,836
Gain on sale of assets		26,519		-		-		26,519		52,239
Investment income		20,387		11,349		16,549		48,285		32,390
Miscellaneous income		2,402		-		275,703		278,105		7,959
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		49,641		11,349		292,252		353,242		156,424
Change in Net Position		245,046		2,048		287,091		534,185		368,910
Net Position, January 1		3,981,681		616,803		1,015,094		5,613,578		5,244,668
Net Position, December 31	\$	4,226,727	\$	618,851	\$	1,302,185	\$	6,147,763	\$	5,613,578

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2017)

	E	Equipment	Health Insurance			Insurance		Totals			
		Revolving		Trust		Trust		2018		2017	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from interfund services provided Grant receipts	\$	1,064,644	\$	3,096,423	\$		\$	4,161,067 333	\$	3,986,937 63,836	
Payments to suppliers and interfund services used Payments to and on behalf of employees		(314,390) (170,959)		(2,889,995)		(5,146)		(319,536) (3,060,954)		(496,018) (3,248,865)	
Other receipts Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	2,402 582,030	_	12,188 218,616		275,703 270,557		290,293 1,071,203		18,994 324,884	
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Increase (decrease) in due from other funds		1,516		<u>-</u> _				1,516		1,883	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets		26,519		-		-		26,519		56,719	
Acquisition of capital assets Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(364,620)						(364,620)		(391,314)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(330,101)						(336,101)		(391,314)	
Interest income received		20,387	_	11,349	_	16,549		48,285		32,390	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		265,832		229,965		287,106		782,903		(32,157)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	-	1,419,529		654,044		1,015,484		3,089,057		3,121,214	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$	1,685,361	\$	884,009	\$	1,302,590	\$	3,871,960	\$	3,089,057	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	195,405	\$	(9,301)	\$	(5,161)	\$	180,943	\$	212,486	
Other income related to operations		2,735		-		275,703		278,438		71,795	
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in assets		390,643		-		, -		390,643		380,341	
Accounts receivable Inventories		- (E 140)		645		-		645 (5.148)		2,312 (5,105)	
Prepaid items (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(5,148)		233,985		-		(5,148) 233,985		(233,985)	
Deferred pension resources (Decrease) increase in liabilities		4,428		-		-		4,428		19,665	
Accounts payable Accrued salaries payable		2,730 1,431		971		15		3,716 1,431		(136,191) (16)	
Claims incurred, but not paid		1,431		(5,247)		-		(5,247)		10,792	
Unearned revenue		-		(2,437)		-		(2,437)		15,539	
Pension liability (Decrease) increase in deferred inflows of resources		(8,390)		-		-		(8,390)		(21,461)	
Deferred pension resources		(1,804)		-	_	-		(1,804)		8,712	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	582,030	\$	218,616	\$	270,557	\$	1,071,203	\$	324,884	
Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activit Book Value of Disposed/Traded of Capital Assets	ies _ <u>\$</u> _		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	4,480	

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Equipment Revolving Internal Service Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

			(Decrease) an	nd Increase		
	2018	2017	Amount	Percent		
Operating Revenues				_		
Charges for services	\$ 1,064,644	\$ 1,012,899	\$ 51,745	5.11%		
Pension revenue	761	39	722	1851.28%		
Total Operating Revenues	1,065,405	1,012,938	52,467	5.18%		
Operating Expenses						
Administrative and general						
Employer paid benefits	51,996	57,311	(5,315)	-9.27%		
Miscellaneous	7,844	8,791	(947)	-10.77%		
Salaries	120,394	114,926	5,468	4.76%		
Utilities	20,929	19,718	1,211	6.14%		
Total Administrative and General	201,163	200,746	417	0.21%		
Vehicle maintenance						
Gas, oil and grease	113,533	78,989	34,544	43.73%		
Miscellaneous	9,760	7,999	1,761	22.02%		
Repairs	141,929	118,637	23,292	19.63%		
Supplies	12,972	7,953	5,019	63.11%		
Total Vehicle Maintenance	278,194	213,578	64,616	30.25%		
Depreciation	390,643	380,341	10,302	2.71%		
Total Operating Expenses	870,000	794,665	75,335	9.48%		
Operating Income (Loss)	195,405	218,273	(22,868)	10.48%		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)						
State other aid	333	63,836	(63,503)	-99.48%		
Gain on sale of assets	26,519	52,239	(25,720)	-49.24%		
Investment income	20,387	12,984	7,403	57.02%		
Miscellaneous revenue	2,402	209	2,193	1049.28%		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	49,641	129,268	(79,627)	-61.60%		
Change in Net Position	245,046	347,541	\$ (102,495)	29.49%		
Net Position, January 1	3,981,681	3,634,140				
Net Position, December 31	\$ 4,226,727	\$ 3,981,681				

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Health Insurance Trust Internal Service Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

						(Decrease) an	d Increase
		2018		2017		Amount	Percent
Operating Revenues	_		_		_		
Insurance premiums	\$	3,098,215	\$	2,956,187	\$	142,028	4.80%
Insurance refunds		12,188		11,035		1,153	10.45%
Total Operating Revenues		3,110,403		2,967,222		143,181	4.83%
Operating Expenses							
Administration		18,573		21,784		(3,211)	-14.74%
Insurance premiums		2,916,662		2,597,244		319,418	12.30%
Self funded claims		184,469		234,391		(49,922)	-21.30%
Total Operating Expenses		3,119,704		2,853,419		266,285	9.33%
Operating Income (Loss)		(9,301)		113,803		(123,104)	108.17%
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment income		11,349		7,441		3,908	52.52%
Change in Net Position		2,048		121,244	\$	(119,196)	98.31%
Net Position, January 1		616,803		495,559			
Net Position, December 31	\$	618,851	\$	616,803			

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Insurance Internal Service Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

			(Decrease) and	d Increase	
		2018	2017	Amount	Percent
Operating Expenses					
Self funded claims	\$	2,090	\$ 119,590	\$ (117,500)	-98.25%
Administration		3,071	 	 3,071	100.00%
Total Operating Expenses		5,161	119,590	(114,429)	-95.68%
Operating Income (Loss)		(5,161)	 (119,590)	 114,429	95.68%
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment income		16,549	11,965	4,584	38.31%
Miscellaneous		275,703	 7,750	 267,953	3457.46%
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		292,252	19,715	272,537	1382.38%
Change in Net Position		287,091	(99,875)	\$ 386,966	387.45%
Net Position, January 1		1,015,094	 1,114,969		
Net Position, December 31	\$	1,302,185	\$ 1,015,094		

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AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are funds which are assets held as an agent by the City for others. Agency funds are purely custodial and do not measure the results of operations.

Brown-Lyon-Redwood-Renville (BLR) Drug Task Force Fund - accounts for moneys held for task force operations.

City Employee Lunchroom Fund - accounts for moneys held for the city lunchroom.

Library Lunchroom Fund - accounts for moneys held for the library lunchroom.

PUC Employee Lunchroom Fund - accounts for moneys held for the PUC lunchroom.

Miscellaneous Affiliated Groups Fund - accounts for moneys held for the various groups.

City of New Ulm, Minnesota Agency Funds Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Balance January 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions		Balance cember 31, 2018
BLR Drug Task Force Fund (803)							
Assets Cash and investments	\$	380,316	\$	511,262	\$	578,074	\$ 313,504
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other entities	\$	39,639 340,677	\$	39,809 471,453	\$	44,281 533,793	\$ 35,167 278,337
Total Liabilities	\$	380,316	\$	511,262	\$	578,074	\$ 313,504
City Employee Lunchroom Fund (820)							
Assets Cash and investments	\$	(1,289)	\$	1,420	\$		\$ 131
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other entities	\$	66 (1,355)	\$	1,171 249	\$	1,232 (1,232)	\$ 5 126
Total Liabilities	\$	(1,289)	\$	1,420	\$	_	\$ 131
Library Employee Lunchroom Fund (823)							
Assets Cash and investments	\$	1,064	\$	371	\$	209	\$ 1,226
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other entities	\$	6 1,058	\$	202 169	\$	206 3	\$ 2 1,224
Total Liabilities	\$	1,064	\$	371	\$	209	\$ 1,226
PUC Employee Lunchroom Fund (825)							
Assets Cash and investments	\$	7,685	\$	1,376	\$	1,464	\$ 7,597
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other entities	\$	9 7,676	\$	1,442 -	\$	1,451 79	\$ - 7,597
Total Liabilities	\$	7,685	\$	1,442	\$	1,530	\$ 7,597
Miscellaneous Affiliated Groups Fund (830)							
Assets Cash and investments	\$	46,596	\$	60,294	\$	51,144	\$ 55,746
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other entities	\$	- 46,596	\$	9,988 50,306	\$	9,988 41,156	\$ - 55,746
Total Liabilities	\$	46,596	\$	60,294	\$	51,144	\$ 55,746
Totals All Funds							
Assets Cash and investments	\$	434,372	\$	574,723	\$	630,891	\$ 378,204
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other entities	\$	39,720 394,652	\$	52,612 522,177	\$	57,158 573,799	\$ 35,174 343,030
Total Liabilities	\$	434,372	\$	574,789	\$	630,957	\$ 378,204

City of New Ulm, Minnesota

Summary Financial Report

Revenues and Expenditures for General Operations Governmental Funds

For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

		To	Percent Increase		
		2018		2017	(Decrease)
Revenues Taxes	\$	10,812,056	\$	10,922,187	(1.01) %
Special assessments Licenses and permits		1,248,871 257,902		1,867,477 259,026	(33.13) (0.43)
Intergovernmental		5,668,225		5,473,130	3.56
Contribution from component unit		513,443		994,826	(48.39)
Charges for services		2,046,467		1,959,378	4.44
Fines and forfeits		85,595		124,662	(31.34)
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		420,219		294,054	42.91 22.60
Miscellaneous		180,428		147,164	22.00
Total Revenues	\$	21,233,206 1,568	\$	22,041,904 1,628	(3.67) %
Per Capita	\$	1,568	\$	1,628	(3.68) %
Expenditures					
Current	\$	0.454.000	σ	2 440 244	45.00 0/
General government Public safety	Ф	2,454,803 3,493,792	\$	2,118,311 3,415,614	15.88 % 2.29
Streets and highways		2,624,457		2,319,803	13.13
Sanitation and waste removal		159,917		177,007	(9.65)
Culture and recreation		4,058,563		4,184,805	(3.02)
Economic development		24,928		20,000	24.64
Miscellaneous		1,926,204		1,987,851	(3.10)
Capital outlay					
General government		48,840		1,388,001	(96.48)
Public safety		116,289		503,267	(76.89)
Streets and highways		3,276,031		3,917,831	(16.38)
Culture and recreation		448,123		2,298,304	(80.50)
Economic development Miscellaneous		125,147 94,734		114,008	100.00 (16.91)
Debt service		34,734		114,000	(10.91)
Principal		5,433,894		3,863,894	40.63
Interest and other charges		425,599		435,920	(2.37)
Total Expenditures	\$	24,711,321	\$	26,744,616	(7.60) %
Per Capita	\$	1,825	\$	1,975	(7.61) %
	*	-,3	•		(1131) /3
Total Long-term Indebtedness	\$	20,085,578	\$	15,904,472	26.29 %
Per Capita		1,483		1,175	26.28
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$	6,567,473	\$	6,850,892	(4.14) %
Per Capita		485		506	(4.14)

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of New Ulm to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at the City's finance office at 100 North Broadway, New Ulm, MN 56073. Questions about this report should be directed to Nicole Jorgensen, Finance Director at 507-359-8259.

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OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of New Ulm New Ulm, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Ulm, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2019.

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute §6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Mankato, Minnesota

do Euch & Mayor, LLP

June 11, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of New Ulm New Ulm. Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Ulm, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP

ldo Eich & Mayro, LLP

Mankato, Minnesota June 11, 2019









100 North Broadway New Ulm, Minnesota 56073 507-233-2121 507-359-8219

E-mail: comments@newulmmn.gov Web Site: www.newulmmn.gov